WEATHER.
Rain Thursday, much colder by night; Friday fair and colder, severe cold wave.

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GERMANY DECLARES FOR UNRESTRICTED NAVAL WARFARE

Barred Zones Around Enemy Countries Effective Today; Neutral Shipping Warned

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STARVATION BLOCKADE AGAINST ENGLAND, WITHOUT A RIVAL IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY, PLANNED

ong Feared Campaign of Ruthless Sea Warfare, Which is Said to Have Been Conceived by Von Hindenburg, Will be Begun by Germany Toddy—Such Determination Sends Peace and the Means of Preserving Peace A-Glimmering

AGAIN THE U. S. FACES BREAK IN RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

Action is the Super-Crisis of All Those Which Have Stirred the American Government in Over Two Years of World War—President Wilson Immediately Calls for Text of Note to the State Department and Begins a Study of It.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Germany has declared unrestricted submarine warfare. A starvation blockade of England, the like of which the world neyer has seen, was announced today in notes delivered to American Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and to the State Department here by Count von Bernstorff.

Thus begins the long feared campaign of ruthlessness, conceived by von Hindenburg, it is said here, on a magnitude never even contemplated by von Tirpitz.

Again the United States faces severance of diplomatic relations with Germany with all its eventual possibilities. President Wilson's repeated warnings of "a world afire" and Secretary Lansing's "verge of war" statement are being recalled in the capital tonight with feelings of apprehension and misgiving.

Germany's action is the super-crisis of all those that have stirred the American government in two and a half years of world war.

Peace and means of preserving peave have gone glimmering.

President Calls For Note.

President Wilson, incredulous at first when the unofficial text of Germany's warning was brought to him, at once called for the official document which had just been presented to Secretary Lansing by the German ambassador. Mr. Lansing absolutely refused to make any comment. President Wilson began at once a careful study of the document.

President Wilson has the task of deciding what shall be the course of the United States. Three immediate steps appear among the possibilities. The United States might solemnly warn Germany against a violation of her pledges; it might be decided that the German warning is sufficient notice of an intention to disregard those pledges and a sufficient warrant for breaking off diplomatic relations; it might be decided to await the results of the blockade and determine the course of the United States as the actual operations develop.

Regarded Realiatory Move

On almost every side Germany's drastic action is interpreted as an open confession of the effectiveness of the British food blackade. It is regarded as a determination to strike back in kind. German officials in the United States estimate the food supply on the British Isles will last a month. Admittedly the plan is to carry starvation to the doors o' England with swift, staggering strokes, as a fulfillment of Germany's announced determination to use every weapon and agency at her command to end the war quickly. She counts on the operations of an unheard of number of submarines to deliver blows to bring England to her knees within sixty days. One German official here predicted today the war would be over in a month.

Complete Blockade.

Conveyed to the world as the answer to the refusal of the entente allies to talk peace, Germany's latest warning says:

"From February 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean * * * all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed."

It virtually is a renewal and an extension of the celebrated submarine blockade of the British Isles proclaimed on February 4, 1915, and which became effective February 18, 1915. Under it, ships were sunk without warning until Germany abandoned the practice and gave her assurances, in the Sussex case, to abide by international law. The Lusitania, Falaba and scores of other ships were sunk under the decree.

Americans Warned.

American citizens and American ships are warned from entering the war zones, although certain precautionary measures are suggested for distinguishing American steamers not carrying contraband according to the German list. These conditions in almost the same form were rejected when proposed by Germany early in the negotiations over the Lusitania. At that time Germany proposed to guarantee immunity from attack to certain specified passenger ships sailing on prescribed courses with agreed distinguishing marks and carrying no contraband. President Wilson rejected the proposal promptly on the ground that the United States was contending only for its rights.

The new German proclamation brushes aside all the perplexing collateral

(Continued on Page Eight)

Declaration Received With Most Profound Surprise in Washington

Washington, Jan. 31.—Germany's declaration of unrestricted naval warfare, assumed to mean the sinking without warning of passenger and freight vessels—the course which the United States in the Sussex negotiations gave warning would cause the American government to sever diplomatic relations—was received here with the most profound surprise. There had been no official hint that such a development was coming.

President Wilson was in his office when the text of the German note began coming on the Associated Press wires and copies were sent to him as received. He would see no callers.

The decision as to what the course of the American government shall be lies with the President, who in his final note on the Sussex case said:

"If it is still the purpose of the Imperial government to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against vessels of commerce by the use of submarines without regard to what the United States must consider the sacred and indisputable rules of international law and the universally recognized dictates of humanity, the government of the United States is at last forced to the conclusion that there is but one course it can pursue. Unless the Imperial government should now immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of submarine warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels, the government of the United States can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the German empire altogether. This action the government of the United States contemplates with the greatest reluctance but feels constrained to take in behalf of humanity and the rights of neutral nations."

WIDE DISCREPANCY IN TRANSLATIONS

Note Delivered by German Embassy Varies From That Received by Associated Press

BUT IMPORT IS THE SAME

That Portion Dealing With Germany's Reasons For Unrestricted Warfare Is Especially at Wide Variance

Washington, Jan. 31.—Wide discrepancy between the translations of the German note to the United States as received by The Associated Press by wireless from Berlin and as translated at the German embassy in Washington was noted here tonight, especially in that portion dealing with the reasons for the German government's action and what that government intends to do to extend its warfare on the sea. The translation as received from Berlin says:

"The Imperial government before its own conscience and before history would be unable to assume the responsibility if it left untried any one means to hasten the end of the war. Together with the President of the United States it had hoped to obtain this aim by negotiation.

"The attempt to establish an undertaking between adversaries having been answered by the announcement of intensified warfare, the Imperial government must now continue the war for existence once more forced upon it by using its weapons. The Imperial government therefore is forced to do away with the restrictions which until now it has impressed upon the use of its fighting means on the sea.

"Trusting that the American people and its government will be alive to these reasons for this decision and for its necessity, the Imperial government hopes that the United States will appreciate the new state of affairs from the lofty and exalted standopint of the Imperial (government?), and on its part will also cooperate in order to avoid further misery and avoidable sacrifice of human lives.

"Referring as to details of the planned war measures at sea to the annexed, the government at the same time begs to express its confidence that the American government will warn American ships against entering the barred zones described in the annex and also will warn its citizens against taking passage on or confiding goods to ships plying to ports in the barred zones."

Bernstorff's Translation

The corresponding section in the note presented to the State Department by Ambassador von Bernstorff reads as follows:

"The Imperial government could not justify before its own conscience, before the German people and before history the neglect of any means destined to bring about the end of the war. Like the President of the United States the Imperial government had hoped to reach this goal by negotiations. After the attempts to come to an understanding with the entente powers have been answered by the latter with the announcement of an intensified continuation of the war, the Imperial government in order to serve the welfare of mankind in a higher sense and not to wrong its own people—is now compelled to continue the fight for existence, again forced upon it, with the full employment of all the weapons which are at its disposal.

"Sincerely trusting that the people and government of the United States will understand the motives for this decision and its necessity, the Imperial government hopes that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and assist, on their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life."

LARGE DELEGATION EXPECTED BY SUPERINTENDENT DAVIS

(Special Star Telegram)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—Supt. R. L. Davis, of the Anti-Saloon League, says there is promise of very large delegations of citizens here February 7 when there will be a joint committee hearing on the pending bill for amending the prohibition law and cutting allowance down to two quarts per year for medicial purposes only. He says the bill is meeting the hearty favor of the temperance forces throughout the State.

CONNOLLY CLEARS BOLLING OF ANY BLAME FOR 'LEAK'

Washington Broker Says His Advices on Peace Note Based Principally on Rumor

HE DIVULGES NO NAMES

Points Out That All His Customers Lost Money When Stocks Took Sudden Slump

New York, Jan. 31.—Francis A. Connolly, the Washington broker and partner of R. W. Bolling a brother-in-law of President Wilson, who on December 20 gave E. F. Hutton and Company, New York brokers, an accurate resume of the President's peace note ten hours before it was published, failed in two and a half hours of grilling examination of the congressional inquisitorial committee today to name the exact source of his information. He specifically exonerated Bolling, however, from all blame for the "leak" on the note.

To the best of his knowledge, Mr. Connolly said repeatedly, his advices to the Hutton firm were based principally on "gossip and rumor" gathered in his oce and deductions he had made from a speech President Wilson delivered to the Gridiron Club in Washington December 9. In vain did Sherman L. Whipple, counsel for the committee, and all of its members attempt to draw from Mr. Connolly the name of a single person who gave him any of the information he forwarded to New York. Any "clever person," Connolly said, who would mingle in the right circles in Washington "with his ear on the ground" could gather much information of great value.

Examination Unfinished

Connolly's examination was unfinished when the committee adjourned tonight. He still was radiant and eager, apparently, to help, but the committee, according to certain members, were somewhat at a loss as to what angle his interrogation should take when it is resumed tomorrow.

Although Connolly, in his resume, a copy of which he had drafted from memory for the committee, the original still being mising, had described the forthcoming note as "a movement of great moment," he declared its significance had not impressed him. In proof of this he said that his books showed he had not acted on the information in the market. In fact, he said, everyone of his customers lost money in the subsequent crash. Their

(Continued on Page Three.)

SAYS ALLIES PREPARED AGAINST GERMAN MOVE

Would Convoy Every Merchant Ship if It is Necessary

Is Stated In Shipping Circles in New York That England Has Assembled Large Fleet to Chase Hostile Submarines

New York, Jan. 31.—Great Britain and her allies are prepared to meet Germany's moves in her submarine campaign, it was authoritatively asserted in shipping circles here tonight.

The ports of Liverpool and Bordeaux will be kept at all hazards, British steamship representatives asserted, even if it becomes necessary to convoy every merchant ship which crosses the Atlantic. The first step to be taken by the British admiralty, which virtually controls the merchant fleets of the allies, will be to arm every ship with guns fore and aft for defensive purposes it was predicted.

To meet the emergency, the British government has been assembling for months, it was said, a large fleet of small, fast cruisers to be used as "submarine chasers." This type of warcraft has proven very effective against under-sea boats, well informed shipping men declared.

Agents of British lines declared the admiralty now has a fleet of 4,000 vessels available to keep the sea lanes clear of raiders and submarines and to act as convoys.

The admiralty has so arranged sail-

(Continued on Page Two)

VESSELS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION HELD UP AT NEW YORK

Torpedo Boat Stationed at Quarantine is Ordered to Permit No Craft to Pass

EVERY ROUTE IS CLOSED

Instructions Issued by Collector Malone, But the Purpose is Not Disclosed

New York, Jan. 31.—Orders were issued tonight to the torpedo boat stationed at quarantine to preserve neutrality, not to permit any vessel, either neutral or flying the flag of one of the belligerents, to pass out tonight. Commander Eupham, aide to Admiral Usher, commandant of the New York navy yard, declined tonight to comment in any way upon the order.

The order applied not only to steamships but to tugboats. Several tugs which passed quarantine early in the evening before the order was issued were compelled to return to port. The purpose of the order was not disclosed.

It was learned late tonight that the order closing the port of New York was issued by Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port, in whom is vested absolute authority and sole responsibility for the maintenance of the neutrality of this port.

Even naval officers are under orders to take instructions from Mr. Malone in all matters affecting the neutrality of New York. Under his orders the port was sealed tight during the night. Every exit was closed.

What caused the collector to take this action could not be learned.

Apparently there was no basis for the supposition that one of the German liners laid up at Hoboken might be preparing for a dash to sea. It was learned, however, that the deputy collector of the port, Mr. Lamb, had a conference on the Hamburg-American dock with Chief of Police Hay, of Hoboken, and representatives of the German steamship company. There were no signs of unusual activity on any of the interned vessels.

MEXICAN DELEGATES SIGN THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

Great Enthusiasm Attends Ceremony. Assembly Closes Sessions.

Queretaro, Mex., Jan. 31.—The delegates to the constitutional assembly which concluded its labors last night, assembled at 11 o'clock this morning and signed the constitution on which they had been working for two months. The ceremony was attended by great enthusiasm.

The new constitution contains some advanced legislation.

GERMANY ANNOUNCES THE ZONES IN WHICH STEAMERS TAKE RISK

CLARK USURY BILL KILLED BY SENATE

Also Measure to Give Right of Appeal from Decisions of Corporation Commission

DIVORCE BILL IS PASSED

Senate Would Put Husband and Wife on Same Footing—Numerous Bills Introduced in Both Houses. Grant Wins Applause.

(By W. J. MARTIN).

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—The Senate had a long argument on a bill by Clark, of Pitt, from the House, to make the usury law apply to debts secured by mortgage or deeds of trust, the bill being finally defeated 13 to 32.

It was declarations like that by Senator Person, of Franklin, that he would never vote to enact into law a dissenting opinion of the Supreme Court, that by Justice, of Henderson, that he opposed the measure in the interest of poor people in his county already paying 15 or 20 per cent. interest and loan charges because of restrictions already thrown around loans, and that by Senator Long, of Halifax, that further hindrance to liquidation of land mortgages would retard and might arrest North Carolina investments by outside capital, that characterized this fatal assault. The bill had passed the House some days ago.

The dissenting opinion alleged to be sought to be made the law was that of Chief Justice Clark in the famous case of Correy vs Hooker, in which the Chief Justice delivered his dissent which the bill killed today would make the law. Senator Holderness and other lawyers argued the lack of necessity for such legislation, anyway, since this case went off more on the ground that the plaintiff did not "have clean hands" in his dealings with the defendant prior to the alleged cause of action.

The Senate passed a bill putting husband and wife on exactly the same footing in suits for divorce.

Another Clark Bill Killed

In the House Representative Clark made a most strenuous fight that was signally futile for another measure in which he was particularly interested as embodying "minority opinion" findings that were sought to be made the law of the State. It was the bill to give the right of appeal on the part of a citizen from ruling of the Corporation Commission. It represented the old Ansonville fight over the location of the depot of the Winston-Salem Southbound there, in which the citizens were barred by the findings of the majority of the Supreme Court from maintaining

(Continued on Page Two)

Official Text of the German Note to the United States

Washington, Jan. 31.—The official text of the German note, address to Secretary Lansing and signed by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, is identical with that handed to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, and is as follows:

"Mr. Secretary of State:

"Your Excellency were good enough to transmit to the Imperial government a copy of the message which the President of the United States of America addressed to the Senate on the 22nd instant. The Imperial government has given it the earnest consideration which the President's statements deserve, inspired as they are by a deep sentiment of responsibility. It is highly gratifying to the Imperial government to ascertain that the main tendencies of this important statement correspond largely to the desires and principles professed by Germany. These principles especially include self-government and equality of rights for all nations. Germany would be sincerely glad if in recognition of this principle countries like Ireland and India, which do not enjoy the benefits of political independence, should now obtain their freedom. The German people also repudiate all alliances which serve to force the countries in a competition for might and to involve them in a net of selfish intrigues. On the other hand, Germany will gladly co-operate in all efforts to prevent future wars.

"The freedom of the seas, being a preliminary condition of the free existence of nations and the peaceful intercourse between them, as well as the open door for the commerce of all nations, has always formed part of the leading principles of Germany's political program. All the more the imperial government regrets that the attitude of her enemies who are so entirely opposed to peace makes it impossible for the world at present to bring about the realization of these lofty ideals. Germany and her allies were ready to enter now into a discussion of peace and had set down as a basis the guaranty of existence, honor and free development of her peoples. Their aims, as has been expressly stated in the note of December 12, 1916, were not directed toward the destruction or annihilation of their enemies and were according to their conviction perfectly compatible with the right of the other nations. As to Belgium for which such warm and cordial sympathy is felt in the United States, the chancellor had declared only a few weeks previously that its annexation had never formed part of Germany's intentions.

"The peace to be signed with Belgium was to provide for such conditions in that country, with which Germany desires to maintain friendly and neighborly relations, that Belgium should not be used again by Germany's ene-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

Note Declaring for Unrestricted Naval Warfare Handed to Ambassador Gerard

NEUTRALS GIVEN WARNING

They Are Urgently Advised to Direct Their Vessels From the Barred Areas

GIVEN TIME TO LEAVE PORT

Those Now in Allied Ports Must Sail Over Shortest Route

Berlin, Jan. 31 (via Sayville.)—In an official note to the United States government, handed today to American Ambassador Gerard, the German government declared for unrestricted naval warfare after February 1. New barred zones around enemy countries are announced and Germany announces that neutral ships plying within those zones will do so at their own risks.

Time Given Neutral Ships

Precautions will be taken to protect neutral ships which sailed for those zones prior to February 1, but neutrals are urgently advised to warn their vessels on the way to ports in the barred zones and direct them away from those areas. Neutral ships in ports within the barred zones will be given until February 5 to sail and must take the shortest route out of the restricted areas.

A memorandum accompanying the note to Ambassador Gerard defines the barred zones. It says:

The Barred Zones.

"From February 1, 1917, within barred zones Great Britain, France, Italy and in the eastern Mediterranean, as outlined in the following, all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed. Such barred zones are:

"In the North Sea, the district around England and France which is limited by a line twenty nautical miles; the district along the Dutch coast as far as the Terschelling lightship, the degree of longitude of the Terschelling lightship to Udir; a line from there across the point of 62 degrees north latitude, five longitude, westward along 62 degrees to a point three nautical miles south of the south point of Farover (Faroe Islands?); from there across the point 62 degrees north,—degrees west to 61 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then 57 degrees north, 20 degrees west, to 47 degrees north, 20 degrees west; farther, to 43 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then on degree latitude 43 degrees north, to the point 20 nautical miles from Cape Finisterre and 20 miles nautical distance along the Spanish north coast as far as the French frontier.

"Concerning the south, in the Mediterranean: For neutral shipping there remains open the sea district west of a line from Pt De Les Paquett to 38 degrees, 20 minutes north and six degrees east, as well as north and west of a gone 60 sea miles broad along the North African coast, beginning on (?) degrees west longitude.

"In order to connect this sea district with Greece, the zone lends 20 sea miles in width north or east, following this line: 38 degrees north and six degrees east, 38 degrees north and 11 degrees, 30 minutes east to 34 degrees north and 11 degrees, 30 minutes east to 34 degrees north and 22 degrees, 30 minutes east. From there it leads to a zone 20 sea miles broad west of 22 degrees, 30 minutes east longitude into Greek territorial waters.

Neutral Ships Take Risk

"Neutral ships plying within the barred zones do so at their own risk. Although precautions are being taken to spare neutral ships which on February 1 are on the way to ports in the barred zone, during an appropriate delay, yet it is urgently to be advised that they should be warned and directed to other routes by all means available.

"Neutral ships lying in ports of the barred zones can with the same safety abandon the barred zones if they sail before February 5 and take the shortest route into the open district.

"Traffic of regular American passenger steamers can go on unmolested if:

Rules for U. S. Passenger Ships

"A—Falmouth is taken as the port of destination, and if.

"B—On the going and return journey

(Continued on Page Two)

MOBILIZATION OF GUARD A 'TRAGEDY'

General Wood Reiterates That the Militia System is "Vicious and Indefensible"

ORGANIZATION DEFECTIVE

Tells Senate Sub-Committee on Universal Training That He Would "Sand Bag and Re-Organize" the War Department.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Major General Wood, recalled today for cross examination before the Senate universal training sub-committee, said army officers were not disposed to shirk responsibility for the War Department's shortcomings in its direction of the National Guard mobilization at the border, but reiterated that the guard system was in itself "vicious and indefensible" because of defects inherent in its organization.

In response to questions by Senator Lee, of Maryland, General Wood admitted that the Federal government's supply plans for the state troops collapsed ten days after they were called out; and that in certain respects mobilization of the regulars failed to come up to expectations. He insisted, however, that a system "without a shadow of state interference" would have operated to much better effect and that the only ultimate solution to the problem would be universal service under exclusive Federal control.

Tomorrow the committee will cross examine Major General Scott, the chief of staff, who in his testimony several weeks ago took a stand similar to that of General Wood.

General Wood repeated today his assertion that the mobilization was a tragedy, but also declared he did not intend to criticise the officers and men of the guard, but only the "vicious, indefensible system."

"By supreme effort in six months time," he said, "we got 158,000 men to the border. The country could have been eaten up by an efficient enemy in that time."

Senator Lee pointed out that the regular army had played its part in the failures.

"Yes," said General Wood, "and I would go after the War Department with a sand bag and re-organize it."

The greatest failure of the Federal government, General Wood said, was the supply system. Great Britain had faced the same thing, he added, when the European war came and found it necessary to abandon her whole system and create a department of munitions.

"If the border trouble had gone to a real war," he said, "we would have had to do that."

The men and officers of the guard are high-minded, patriotic individuals, General Wood said, "but not soldiers."

"It would have been murder to send them against any fairly efficient foe," he added.

The National Guard of the rank and file, General Wood said, were eager for the enactment of universal service legislation and many officers were resigning and men seeking to quit the service because they believed it should be enacted as quickly as possible.

CLARK USURY BILL KILLED BY SENATE

(Continued on Page Two)

an appeal from the commission's finding that the site insisted upon by the railroad company be used. The bill came into the House through Representative Horne but with Mr. Clark as special sponsor. He put up a tremendous fight for the bill, pleading in a dramatic argument that railroad lawyers were on every side striving to "crucify the people on iron rails." However, he was almost the sole spokesman for the bill, while such leaders as Doughton, Dalton, Page, McLondon and others bombarded it, especially from the viewpoint that it would mean the stirring of endless and most perplexing litigation.

Representative Grant, of New Hanover, won applause by his declaration that, while appeals are usually predicated on property rights, this measure would give rise to appeals predicted on "malicious intermeddling." The vote was 95 to 7 against the bill.

Both houses received numerous new bills and cleared quite a number, mostly purely local, from the calendars.

New Bills in Senate.

Bills introduced in the Senate follow:

Jones—Amend section 449 of the Revisal.

Parker—Protect minors.

Gough—Amend the law as to Robeson recorder's court; Authorize Robeson commissioners to pay the expenses of veterans to the Reunion.

Nelson (by request)—Prohibit playing golf on Sunday in Avery, Caldwell and Watauga counties.

Oates—Create further a firemen's relief fund.

Jones—Amend the law relative to assurance and registration of land titles.

Pollock—Better protection of highways of the State; Relating to conveyances when seal is not affixed; Amend the Revisal, 2083, relating to miscegenation.

A petition came from fishermen in Carteret county urging the retention of the State Fish Commission and the continuance of its present policy for the promotion of the fishing interests.

Passed Final Reading.

Bills passed final reading:

Authorize New Hanover bonds for debt incurred in construction of work house; Authorize Transylvania commissioners to perform certain duties; Allow a railroad bond election by Boone township, Watauga county.

Argument on Game Bill.

A bill by Senator Kelly to provide a State game commission and make the game laws of the State uniform came up and provoked long argument. The opposition was led by Senator Gough, of Robeson, who insisted that Robeson should be left untrammeled in the handling of her own game regulations. He opposed State licenses that would take this class of revenue from his or any other county. An amendment was offered by Senator Burgwin for freeholders in his county to be permitted to allow guests to hunt on their lands. The bill was finally deferred and made a special order for next Wednesday.

Bills passed: To amend the law as to court stenographers; Authorize payment of the expenses of mobilization of North Carolina National Guard.

Petition From Wilmington.

Senator Scales offered a petition from Wilmington people endorsing his proposed home and training school for women and girls.

Senator Long, of Halifax, introduced a bill relative to the condemnation of lands by electric companies and another "for the assistance of North Carolina farmers".

The Senate took up the consideration of a bill from the House by Clark, of Pitt, to make the State usury law apply to debts secured by mortgages or deeds of trust. The bill was supported by Jones, of Buncombe, with the argument that Supreme Court decisions had shown that the courts could do equity to the poor who have to mortgage their lands.

Senator Harding opposed the bill and reviewed at length the case of Corry vs. Hooker where the condition is supposed to have developed that called forth the bill. He said the plaintiff did not have clean hands in this case, had not paid even legal interest and no part of the principal.

Senator Harding feared that the bill would work to the injury of many widows who lend money. Senator Jones made the comment that every time the debtor class attempt to protect themselves it is pleaded that widows and orphans are money lenders. When the vote was reached there were 13 ayes and 32 noes.

Senator Jones observed that if the bankers had voted he might have won.

President Gardner announced the following committee of senators to draft legislation under the constitutional amendments for counties, cities and towns: Senators Brenizer, Wooten, Jones, Long, of Halifax; Justice, Harding and Scales.

The Senate adjourned to 11 o'clock Thursday.

New bills were offered in the House as follows:

Shaw—Appoint members of the board of education in Scotland county.

Rankin—Repeal the 1915 act as to changing the line between Gaston and Cleveland counties.

Barnes—Regulate the use of money due orphanages in North Carolina.

Morgan—Better protection for the people on roads and highways in North Carolina.

Hewitt—Prevent the use of profane language on the highways.

Sanders—Prohibit the obstruction of public highways in North Carolina.

Clarke, of Pitt—Prevent fraud in weights of cotton and cotton seed.

Sawyer—Amend the Revisal as to arrest of persons charged with felony.

Galloway—Authorize fiduciaries to invest trust funds in farm loans and permit such bonds to be acceptable security for deposits.

Roberts, of Buncombe—Provide for the examination of plumbers to protect public health.

Passed Final Readings.

Bills passed final reading as follows:

Amend the Yancey road law; Amend the law as to Mount Olive schools; Amend the law as to the residence of the police justice of Asheville outside of the city.

The House concurred in a Senate amendment to the bill to abolish the Madison county recorder's court, making its termination June 1, instead of February 1.

Representative Ferebee, of Camden county, procured immediate passage for a bill he introduced to authorize a special way across Diamond Swamp and another by Representative Hinton for bonds for the same purpose took its place on the calendar.

The House adjourned to 11 o'clock Thursday.

GERMANY ANNOUNCES THE ZONES IN WHICH STEAMERS TAKE RISKS

(Continued From Page One)

the Scilly Islands, as well as the point fifty degrees north, 20 degrees west, be steered on. Along this route no German mines will be laid.

"C—If steamers on this journey bear the following special signals which only they will be permitted to display in American ports: A coating of point on the ship's hull and the superstructure in vertical stripes three metres broad, alternating white and red; on every mast a large flag of checkered white and red, on the stern the American national flag; during darkness the national flag and the coast of paint to be as easily recognizable as possible from a distance; and the ships must be completely and brightly illuminated.

"D—If only one steamer runs each week in each direction, arriving at Falmouth on Sunday, leaving Falmouth on Wednesdays.

"E—If guarantees and assurances are given by the American government that these steamers carry no contraband (according to the German list of contraband).

"Two copies of maps on which the barred zones are outlined, are added."

AN IMMENSE BODY OF WATER EMBRACED IN BARRED ZONES

Washington, aJn. 31.—The forbidden area for neutral vessels under Germany's warning is bounded by a line running from practically the center of The Netherlands coast northwards, blockading all Denmark and the entranec to the Baltic, to the outside point of Norway; thence due west skirting the southern part of the Faroe Islands; then west and then south in a grand square 300 to 400 miles to sea off the British Isles, to the junction of Spain and Portugal, apparently leaving the latter country open and affording a twenty-mile safety zone along the northern Spanish coast to the French border.

Practicall the whole Mediterranean is declared dangerous, except an arrow strip almost paralleling the African coast to a point directly south of Greece, from which a twenty-mile path to Greek territorial waters is declared open.

Germany's solicitude for Greece was interpreted in some quarters here as indicating that despite the Greek acceptance of the allied demands, Germany still hopes for a change in the situation in that country. At present, however, this access to Greece is of little value, as that country still is blockaded by the allies.

ALL SHOES REDUCED
Last Call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb. 1-th, fr, su 3t, adv)

What is LAX-FOS?

LAX-FOS is an Improved Cascara (a tonic laxative), pleasant to take. In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by the addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS is pleasant to take and does not gripe nor disturb the stomach. Adapted to children as well as adults. Just try one bottle for constipation. Price 50 cents.

SHOES AT ALL PRICES
at the last call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb, 1-th, fr, su, 3t adv.)

HEARING ON WORKMEN COMPENSATION BILLS

Held Last Night Until Past Eleven O'clock by Committee

Arguments Pro and Con on Several Pending Measures, Presented by Members of Legislature, Labor and Others.

(BY W. J. MARTIN.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—The first of a series of hearings that will be given on the pending workmen's compensation bills, the Senator Jones bill prescribing 66 2-3 per cent compensation and the Brenizer-Dalton bill providing 60 per cent, with other important differences, began before the joint legislative committee tonight, continuing to past 11 o'clock, with Senator Scales and Representative Dalton presiding.

The Jones bill was explained at length by Curtis Bynum, of Asheville, who prepared the measure. He told of instances where widows and orphans of workmen had been ruthlessly fleeced by lawyers or others and the small share of compensation obtained after costs and fees were paid had spun through their fingers and vanished in a few months. Under the workmen's compensation acts the compensation all goes to the family and in weekly payments running through a long series of weeks, 300 to 500.

Senator Brenizer explained the Brenizer-Dalton bill, which carries 60 per cent compensation. He was bombarded with questions by members of the committee and others, including questions by labor union men present to oppose the bill.

Senator Person asked him to read and explain Section 65, as to the industrial accident board composed of the Insurance Commissioner, Attorney General and Commissioner of Labor and prescribing (.....) dollars compensation each for the extra service.

Senator Brenizer replied that it meant what it said "blank dollars." He indicated, however, that the purpose was to let the committee and the Legislature decide on this compensation.

Senator Jones reminded the committee that his bill would give no extra compensation to these officers for what service they had to give in this connection.

W. F. Moody, chief clerk of the State Treasury, was allowed as vice president of the local labor union federation, to introduce a number of speakers in opposition to the bills and all other legislation that would change the present conditions. He said labor was a unit the State over against any legislation whatever in this direction.

First was R. C. Bell, of Spencer, representing the conductors' union. He said the union was a unit against the bill. Engineer Page said the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers were likewise opposed. He disputed the statement of Curtis Bynum that a big per cent of the damages now recovered goes to lawyers and the residue is squandered.

He was asked by Senator Jones if he did not know that under the present conditions nothing could be recovered if it was not shown that the employer was negligent but that under the workmen's compensation there would be compensation whatever the condition. He did not know as to that, but Conductor Bell, for the conductors, replied that they wanted no recovery unjustly and if they brought injury upon themselves no compensation was wanted.

There were other speakers for the orders of firemen, railroad shops, boiler makers, machinists and final protests by Conductor Harges, Engineer Moore and Conductor Dobson.

There will be further joint hearings announced from time to time and no action on the bills will be taken for possibly a couple of weeks.

Carolina Wins From Durham ...

Chapel Hill, Jan. 31.—Great playing by Grandin of Carolina and Roth of the Durham Y. M. C. A. featured the game which Carolina won from Durham Tuesday night 49 to 30. Although it was the first game of the season, the Tar Heel Quint kept their heads all the time and played like veterans. The weight of the heavier Durham team told at times in the close scrimmages.

Case Not Yet Given Jury

San Angelo, Texas, Jan. 31.—Argument in the case of Harry J. Spanell, charged with having killed his wife, had not been completed when court recessed tonight. It is expected that the case will be given to the jury by noon tomorrow.

WOOD'S
Seed Catalog
for 1917, tells about the best
Farm and Garden Seeds
and gives special information as to the best crops to grow, both for profit and home use.
The large increase in our business which we have again experienced during the past year is the best of evidence as to the high quality of
WOOD'S SEEDS.
Write for catalog and prices of Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats or any Farm Seeds required.
Catalog mailed free on request.
T. W. WOOD & SONS,
SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

SPORTS

HANSON WINS OVER GARDNER

Takes Only Fall of Fierce Match in Two Hours and 14 Minutes. Science Victorious.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 31.—Fritz Hanson threw Pink Gardner after two hours and 14 minutes of the fiercest kind of wrestling here tonight. The bout was the best fought and most skillful ever seen in Columbia.

Time after time it seemed that a fall must result, but each time one or the other would call great strength or remarkable skill would break the hold. At the end of two hours Gardner wanted to call it off on the ground that he had a hard match last night, but when the crowd called for the match to proceed he went back on the mat and 14 minutes later Hanson secured a combination crotch, body and head hold and in a second Gardner's shoulders were pinned to the mat. Gardner showed wonderful speed but lacked the science of Hanson.

The Wilmington man was in danger twice, once when Gardner had a head hold and another time when he secured a combination head and toe hold, but Fritz was able to get away each time.

There was no chance for a second fall.

ELON LOSES HARD FOUGHT GAME TO DAVIDSON COLLEGE

Elon College, N. C., Jan. 31.—Elon lost a hard fought game tonight on the local floor to Davidson by a score of 31 to 26. The game belonged to either side until the time was up. The score was tied six times. Elon lost during the last three minutes of the game.

The chief features of the game were the guarding by Elon and the easy passing by Davidson. Both teams showed splendid form.

Hengerveld and Childs secured four field goals each for Davidson. Davidson's guards, Reece and Walker, put up the best fight that has been witnessed this season on the local floor. However, Franks secured six goals and Harris four for Elon. Cox, as a first year man, showed skill in his position. Seawell guarded his man to but one goal, while Captain Correll's guarding was simply superb.

At the close of the first half the score was 10 and 13 in favor of Davidson. One minute before the second half closed the score was 26 and 27 in favor of Davidson.

First Round Golf Tournament.

Pinehurst, N. C., Jan. 31.—The first round in the St. Valentine's golf tournament was played here today, Norman Maxwell, Philadelphia, defeating Gardiner White, Flushing, 2 up; Henry Seggerman, Englewood, defeating Grantland Rice, Englewood, 3 and 2; Ned Beall, Uniontown, winning from W. J. McDonald, Chicago, 7 and 6, and Clayton Dixon, Philadelphia, beating Robert Hunter, Noroton, one up.

SHOES AT ALL PRICES
at the last call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb, 1-th, fr, su, 3t adv.)

Your Health IS Paramount
and deserves utmost care
One of the greatest drawbacks to health is a weak stomach, but in many cases this can be corrected by careful diet and the assistance of
HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters
It is a Splendid First Aid

D. L. Gore Co.
500 bbls Fancy Patent Flour.
300 sacks Green Coffee, all grades.
1000 sacks Rice, all grades.
A full stock of Drugs, Extracts and Sundries of all kinds.
Serv-Us Laundry Soap—valuable coupons attached to each package.
Please Write for Prices.
D. L. Gore Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

SAY ALLIES PREPARED AGAINST GERMAN MOVE

(Continued From Page One)

ings and bookings, it was explained, that they can be changed without delay to meet whatever circumstances may arise. The assertion was made that there will be no interruption in the sailings from American ports of ships flying the flags of the entente allies.

It was considered probable, however, that vessels flying neutral colors will be kept in port until instructions are received from their governments. This is certain to be true in the case of Dutch steamships.

A marked advance in marine insurance rates tomorrow was considered tonight to be inevitable. One way rates today for American vessels were 7 per cent., while there was a ten per cent war risk rate on ships clearing for Mediterranean ports.

Unappreciated Gallantry.

(H. Merian Allen, in The Outlook).

Josejh H. Choate, former ambassador to England, always has had strong domestic tendencies, not the least lovable of his many lovable sides being a deep affection for Mrs. Chote. Every one has heard how, when once asked who he would rather be if not himself, he replier, "Mrs. Choate's second husband," but not every one has heard the comment of a certain London hostess when this delightful little bit of sentiment was repeated to her. The joke fell upon stony ground—the fate of so many American witticisms in British lands. "Ent who is Mrs. Choate's second husband?" asked the matron.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE
Take a Glass of Salts Before Breakfast if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.
The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.
When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.
Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.

Keep Your Kidneys Right
and your GENERAL health is mighty apt to be good.
Uric Acid is the source of much trouble to the human system. Eliminate Uric Acid from your system by using the GREAT Uric Acid Solvent,
Pierce's
"ANURIC" TABLETS.
Would you rather be FAT and JOLLY and always in a GOOD HUMOR, or would you rather be skinny and cadaverous and feeling ill and OUT of HUMOR?
SAMOSE will make you PLUMP and HEALTHY. Why not try it? 50c. only.
VERMILAX Mange Remedy will stop your hair from falling out, remove dandruff and promote the growth of hair, if the hair follicles are not entirely dead. 50c the bottle. Try it.
J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.
The Quality UP-TO-THE-MINUTE Drug Store.

GARDENGLO PERFUME
Highest Price
But the Best You Ever Used.
Green's Drug Store
—109 MARKET ST.—

DRESSED POULTRY
The Quality, The Article, The Price, The Best, Always to be Had at
DAVIS & HINTZE
PHONES: 48-49-50. FRONT STREET MARKET

Bayer Tablets of Aspirin
To guard against counterfeits and substitutes of Aspirin, remember that every package and tablet *of the genuine* bears
"The Bayer Cross" "Your Guarantee of Purity"
The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

"Dear — You must use Pompeian HAIR Massage."
"Dear, your hair is straggly, thin looking and lifeless. Your coat collar is always covered with ugly Dandruff.
"You must use Pompeian HAIR Massage. Your hair will soon fluff up and look healthy and attractive. You know what it did for me," said his wife.
Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Falling Hair are all conditions that with a little care can be corrected.
Pompeian HAIR Massage will stop Dandruff, will restore to the scalp its natural healthy condition and give the hair luster and life.
Pompeian HAIR Massage is a clear, amber liquid, (not a cream). It is pleasant to use, having a fragrant light odor, which soon disappears. Not oily. Not sticky.
Each bottle, except 25c size, has a shaker top, so that you can sprinkle the liquid over the hair or only on the scalp. Hence it is convenient and economical.
Every day's delay makes the condition of the hair and scalp worse. Get a 25¢, 50¢ or $1 bottle *today* from your druggist. MEN—have your barber every now and then apply a careful Pompeian HAIR Massage. Soon your hair will have the final touch of a prosperous money-making appearance. Start today
Also the reliable makers of famous Pompeian MASSAGE Cream. Adv N.P.

Strouse & Bros.
Representative Here
Just a Reminder, that Mr. Albert Rodeman, of Strouse & Bros., will again be at our store on
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
February 1st, 2nd, and 3rd, for his semi-annual visit to display our Spring and Summer line of attractive, fashionable, and the season's newest fabrics.
In recognition of your past patronage, we again extend to you our most cordial invitation to call at this time.
Mr. Rodeman also offers you his time, attention and experience in the selection of your clothes.
Make a note of this today; likewise suggest this to your friends, and call during his display.
We assume the responsibility of having you entirely satisfied before closing each transaction.
Awaiting your order, Yours very truly
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

FEBRUARY 2nd
Deposits made now and through the above date will draw interest from February 1st, receiving four months interest on June 1st.
In the conduct of our business we employ only such methods as make banking institutions of positive value. Believing that above everything else stability and faithfulness are demanded on the part of the public, on that basis we invite a portion of your savings deposits.
We pay four per cent interest, compounded quarterly.
Start your account today!
HOME SAVINGS BANK
Wilmington, N. C

Star Business Locals Get Results

THEATRICAL

Vivian Martin, the beautiful Paramount star, comes to the Grand today in the greatest production she has yet contributed to the Paramount program a marvelous film story, "The Right Direction", the fascinatingly told screen story of a beautiful girl of the slums, a baby and a dog, and of what happened to them on their long tramp across the continent.

Vivian Martin as the little tenement waif who tramps across the United States, in her travels meets many strange people, sees many strange sights and comes to a climax the life of which she had never even dreamed. She is a fascinating picture of loveliness in her rags, and it is a scream story filled with a big punch, filled with scenes of pathetic humor and great heart interest.

Some of the most unusual and remarkable photographic effects ever seen on the screen were obtained in the scenes filmed 3,400 feet below the earth's surface. These scenes were taken in one of the greatest gold mines in the world and various remarkable views were obtained.

College days, a long tramp across the continent to California, a beautiful little waif who, tramping the dusty road, meets and is given a lift by a rich man's son—these all play the important parts in this great Para-

Essanay

Absolutely Walthall's Greatest Achievement in eight reels, Victoria next Monday and Tuesday.

mount picture, which may be likened to the beautiful screen work of Marguerite Clark, resembling very closely some of her work.

Walthall's Masterpiece Coming

"My Masterpiece;" That's the exclamation Henry B. Walthall made after he had witnessed a private screening of his great eight reel classic, "The Truant Soul", which is coming to the Victoria for next Monday and Tuesday. Wathall actually said this—and his work should be accepted at face value.

The story is from the pen of Victor Rousseau, the noted novelist. It affords an unlimited field for that type of marvelous emotional acting which has made Henry Walthall the foremost screen star in the world. The plot hinges on humanity's great hidden menace. Mr. Walthall is depicted as a famous surgeon who is stricken with a craving for drugs. In his portrayal of the victim's struggles against his malady, the noted actor has eclipsed his past reputation for tensely dramatic acting. He is seen as a man of fine sensibilities slowly drawn into the depths of depravity. Until feeling moments of his sanity, the great love theme of this powerful drama takes place. It grows and with it comes a strengthening of his mental power against the hidden menace. Finally the thread becomes the cable which an chors him again to normal physical and mental power and the woman who brought life back to him.

Supporting Walthall in this drama is his sister, Anna Mae Walthall, with beautiful Mary Charlesen, and other well-known stars.

All-Star Bill at Bijou

It is indeed a wonderful all-star bill to be dished up at the Bijou today, a bill picked to cater to every class of trade. The headliner for the day is the latest issue of Hearst-Pathe News—just three days out of New York, and now playing at the Strand Theatre there. Among other big scenes this issue shows the launching of the mammoth dreadnaught "Mississippi" sister ship of the mammoth Pennsylvania and Arizona. This is the best scenes of a ship launching every obtained in pictures. The impressive ceremonies at the funeral of the President of China is another big feature, and the successor of Admiral Dewey is shown for the first time. There is also the usual cartoon comedy and the magazine section in this issue.

Harry D. Garey, that strong and virile Universal star, is the star with Priscilla Dean in "The Bad Man of Cheyenne" a great two reel drama of the West, also on today's big bill.

And then comes a Rex dramatic feature "Midnight" a stirring and sympathic human interest drama.

WHAT AM I?

Story of a Career of Usefulness That Will Interest Many People.

(Contributed).

Mine has been a life of usefulness and abuse. Though I am as large as I was originally, I do not weigh as much. My life started in a mill, then to a store, and then to my present home, where I have been for almost two years. I was luxurious in possession of snowy whiteness, of substantial heaviness and construction. Today I am an almost threadbare wreck, ready for discard, to be torn asunder and of value in fragments of lesser size.

Yet I end my career in good cheer, for I have felt the satisfaction of bringing comfort to others. In the days of my earliest existence, through the hours of severest service and even unto these days, it is given me to hear the words of praise and the utterance of relief from those to whom I am a source of pleasure.

But my days are numbered. Upon me has been heaped double, if not a triple duty. No rest has been given me. I am worn and washed until my strength has failed. And now I ask for help. Send me assistants in my daily and nightly work. I plead for aid. I am not regretful of my short life, for it has been a beneficial one; but relief from my duties would have prolonged my days.

What am I? I am a sheet in the James Walker Memorial Hospital. I am a bedridden cripple. Do send me help. Go to the Charity ball of the Ladies' Linen Auxiliary. Their funds will buy another sheet—more sheets. Send me a help-mate. Our duty is a worthy one. We cleanse the bed and bring joy to the patient.

I am a sheet thinned by age and overwork. A dollar will buy me a successor.

TOMATO INDUSTRY RECEIVING CONSIDERATION IN BRUNSWICK

In This Connection Captain Wright's Visit is Interesting

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., Jan. 31.—Capt. Wm. P. Wright, of Penn Grove, N. J., is here for a few days' visit, and while here is the guest of Capt. Charles Hewett and Mr. Frank Williams, who have been associated with Captain Wright in business on the Delaware and New Jersey, where he does a large transportation business.

In conversation with your correspondent, Captain Wright said that the change from the ice and cold to this place, with the temperature nearly 60 degrees, was wonderful. His visit here is of local interest from the fact that his business in New Jersey, during a period of a few months, is the buying and transporting to the Baltimore canneries of tomatoes, and his friends here asked him to make them a visit on his way South, and thereby see if there could not be an interest created in this vicinity in tomato growing and canning of this product.

That the tomato can be successfully raised in this section, there appears no doubt, so that the matter of marketing them when the farmers do their part of growing this product in quantities is to be considered, and it is hoped that some business result will be reached during Captain Wright's visit here.

UNIVERSITY TO CELEBRATE HIGH SCHOOL WEEK AFTER EASTER

Chapel Hill, N. C., Jan. 31.—High school week will be celebrated at the University of North Carolina the week following Eastern, when in addition to the regular high school debates, there will be many kinds of athletic contests, including field day sports and tennis. The finale debate for the Aycock cup will be held on the night of April 13, with an eliminating contest the night before. The triangular debates this year will be held in the several districts of the State on March 30.

VIVIAN MARTIN

In a scene from "The Right Direction" Her Greatest Paramount Picture, at the Grand today.

GINNING FIGURES BY COUNTIES

Cotton Ginned to January 16, Crops of 1916 and 1917, in State of North Carolina.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 31.—Director Sam. L. Rogers, of the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, announces the preliminary report of cotton ginned by counties in North Carolina, for the crops of 1916 and 1915, as follows, quantities in running bales, counting round as half bales, linters not included:

County	1916	1915
Total	659,477	709,485
Alexander	866	1,304
Anson	15,410	22,873
Beaufort	11,880	8,175
Bertie	12,209	9,730
Bladen	6,299	7,919
Cabarrus	7,443	11,751
Camden	3,827	2,599
Catawba	4,306	6,114
Chatham	6,251	6,414
Chowan	6,058	3,547
Cleveland	12,962	20,975
Columbus	5,363	7,741
Craven	7,215	5,710
Cumberland	14,949	15,823
Davidson	1,093	1,631
Davie	1,362	1,441
Duplin	10,594	9,747
Durham	563	593
Edgecombe	27,441	25,513
Franklin	12,466	11,751
Gaston	5,005	9,209
Gates	4,799	3,270
Greene	10,714	11,008
Halifax	28,678	25,334
Harnett	17,679	16,600
Hertford	4,276	3,281
Hoke	8,045	11,115
Iredell	6,207	9,401
Johnston	36,247	36,022
Jones	5,563	5,790
Lee	5,148	5,552
Lenoir	12,640	11,383
Lincoln	3,533	5,544
Martin	9,929	8,603
Mecklenburg	15,371	24,962
Montgomery	3,253	4,254
Moore	2,025	2,831
Nash	24,565	24,097
Northampton	16,056	13,519
Onslow	5,447	5,150
Orange	1,142	1,030
Pamlico	5,837	5,257
Pasquotank	5,862	3,676
Perquimans	8,359	5,734
Pitt	24,373	23,843
Richmond	9,062	13,706
Robeson	31,055	46,758
Rowan	5,144	6,759
Rutherford	6,085	8,808
Sampson	20,352	20,927
Scotland	17,346	25,948
Stanly	5,698	8,010
Union	21361	26,553
Vance	3,461	2,945
Wake	21,064	21,508
Warren	10,926	8,856
Washington	3,271	2,708
Wayne	30,100	27,228
Wilson	23,068	22,028
All other	12,173	8,827

LEGISLATION TO PREVENT RAILROAD STRIKES IS URGED.

United States Chamber of Commerce in Annual Meeting.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Immediate passage by Congress of legislation to prevent railroad strikes and lockouts was urged today in a report by the railroad committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. The report and an announcement of endorsement by the chamber's membership both of anti-strike measures and of public representation in settlement of rail disputes were features of the first day's sessions of the chamber's fifth annual convention.

President Wilson's suggestion for legislation postponing interruption to railroad service until after investigation, the committee declared, should be supplemented by measures providing that on any board of investigation or arbitration the public should have a majority representation, and creating an Interstate Commerce Commission bureau to compile railroad labor statistics. Need of such a bureau, the report said, was demonstrated by an $80,000,000 difference in estimates by the railroads and their employes of the amount of money required to grant increased wages last year.

KINSTON ALSO TURNS LIGHT INTO THE "DARK" DISTRICTS

Officers Stationed to Make Public Record of Thouse Who 'Tarry."

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Jan. 31.—Searching rays from a big electric projector Tuesday night haunted visitors to resorts on South street, in Kinston's tenderloin. A 5,000-candlepower searchlight, installed suddenly at Queen and South streets, flooded the latter all night with its lurid beams. A policeman manipulated the thing. Other policemen prouled persistently up and down the three or four blocks of street illuminated by it. Their duty was to get the numbers of all automobiles stopping in the neighborhood and, figurately speaking, the "numbers" of all men entering houses on South street. Their names and the auto numbers were recorded to be read by persons who might care to do so.

UNIVERSITY GLEE CLUB IN EAST CAROLINA NEXT WEEK

Chapel Hill, N. C., Jan. 31.—The University Glee and Dramatic Clubs fill engagements at various places throughout Eastern North Carolina next week. The Dramatic Club, which this year consists of 25 members, will render programmes in Raleigh, New Bern, Wilson, Washington, Rocky Mount and Kinston during the week. The Dramatic Club will give a performance at St. Mary's, Raleigh, on Saturday night of this week. Three short one-act plays will be presented: Old Cronies, The Glittering Gate, and Food. There are seven men in the various roles.

EXCELLENT QUALITY OYSTERS

Now Being Brought Into Southport for Local Consumption

(Special Star Correspondence).

Southport, N. C., Jan. 31.—An excellent quality of oysters is now being brought in for local consumption. These are taken from the beds, nearby and vary in degrees of saltiness, being of good size and color.

The Dosher-St. George canning factory opens again, a canload of shrimp arriving from St. Mary's, Ga. These will be cooked and canned, and shipped to the North, there being a demand for them.

ALL SHOES REDUCED
Last Call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb. 1-th, fr, su 3t, adv)

DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at 11 a. m.

General Wood appeared before the military affairs committee for further discussion of his declaration that the National Guard mobilization on the Mexican border was a failure.

Began debate on Myers waterpower bill.

Confirmed Paymaster Samuel McGowan, Surgeon General William C. Braisted and Civil Engineer Frederic R. Harris to be rear admirals.

Recessed at 5:05 p. m. to 11 a. m. Thursday.

HOUSE.

Met at 11 a. m.

Resumed debate on revenue bill.

Interstate commerce committee arranged hearing tomorrow on car shortage problem.

Agreed to observe Lincoln's birthday with reading of Gettysburg address.

Adjourned at 5:05 p. m. to 11 a. m. Thursday.

CONNOLLY CLEARS BOLLING OF ANY BLAME FOR 'LEAK'

(Continued From Page One)

total losses between December 9 and December 23, the so-called "peace period," aggregated $40,000, according to the testimony of E. F. Hutton, who preceded Connolly on the stand.

Had Not Talked With Bolling

Touching on Bolling's partnership, Connolly declared that the fact that he was a relative of the President had not influenced him the slightest in inviting Bolling to become a member of his firm. Asked if he had consulted with Bolling in preparing his resume, he asserted that he had not talked with Bolling about the note either on December 20, or any other time until after Bolling testified before the committee two weeks ago.

Dispatch of the forecast to New York, Connolly said, followed receipt by him of a "stock flash" from Hutton and Company, timed 12:57 o'clock, which warned all the Hutton correspondents that a statement "intended to promote peace prospects" was expected from the State Department. Connolly further said that he posted this "flash" on his "gossip board" and that great activity followed. Subsequently he heard from the crowd in his office, he said, other "gossip" about the forthcoming statement. Connecting the "flash" the "gossip" and his own impressions of what the note might be, gleaned from the President's Gridiron Club speech, he said, he grabbed a piece of paper from the window sill and dashed off the prophetic resume.

After handing the message to the operator on the Hutton's firm's private wire, he never saw it again.

Spectators Much Amused

The futile efforts of the committee to swerve Connolly from his story amused spectators and frequently the room was in an uproar of laughter.

Representative Bennet, of New York took up with the witness the text of his resume of the note, phrase by phrase, in an effort to get an explanation as to how he had happened to use language which resembled "that of statesmanship," but without success.

Connolly said he knew of no member of the cabinet ever trading in the market.

Testimony of Connolly and Hutton regarding circumstances surrounding the sending of the various messages between their offices on the peace note agreed save for one detail. Hutton thought Connolly's resume was in his office before members of his firm telegraphed Chicago brokers that they were in possession of "Washington advices" about the note. Connolly timed the sending of his message after that.

Ellis Is Summoned

George A. Ellis, Jr., who drafted the Hutton warning to its correspondents from Connolly's peace note "tip" was summoned from near Savannah, Ga., today to appear before the committee without delay. He is expected to testify Friday.

Hutton in his testimony today blamstatement of December 21, more than ed Secretary Lansing's "verge of war" the President's note, for the slump in stocks.

IMMEDIATE PARDON IS URGED FOR SUPERINTENDENT HAYNES

Serving Term for Embezzling Orphanage Funds—Is Very Ill.

(Special Star Telegram).

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 31.—Former Governor Kitchin and A. F. Sams, of Winston-Salem, called on Governor Bickett this afternoon and urged that he pardon as speedily as possible H. A. Haynes, who is serving a ten years sentence in the State's prison for embezzlement of funds of the Western North Carolina Methodist Orphanage while he was superintendent of the institution.

All papers have been filed with the Governor and the prison physician has represented to the Governor that Haynes is very ill. In fact he is not expected to live a great while. Judge Lyon has represented to the Governor that, had ten years not been the minimum sentence he could impose in Forsythe, he would not have sentenced Haynes to make than two or three years, about the time he has already served.

Pasture for Bison and Elk

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 31.—Work on the great wire fence that is to enclose a herd of bison and a herd of elk in the government's share of Pisgah forest on the Vanderbilt estate, is progressing rapidly, and half of the fence has already been erected. The pasture, with the extra high wire fence, is declared to be the only one of its kind east of the Mississippi.

Phone 2500 | Bon Marche Incorporated. | Prompt Delivery

New Spring Goods Arriving Each Day

Just unpacked a large shipment of Anderson ginghams and they will be put on display this morning. Would like to have you come in and look over the line. Anderson gingham, priced per yard 18c

A Shipment of Middy Blouses Just Received

These middy blouses are very scarce and you will find our showing to be very complete. Price $1.00, although the values are easily worth $1.25 at the present time on account of the high prices of cotton goods.

New Shipment of Pictorial Review Patterns Just Received

War News Summary

Except for battles of some importance in northwest Russia and in Bukowina the operations in all the theatres of war continue to be carried out mainly by small parties and by artillery wings.

Along the Aa river, southwest of Riga, the Germans stormed Russian positions and repulsed counter-attacks against them. More than 900 Russians were made prisoner and fifteen machine guns were captured. Petrograd admits the retirement of the Russians for two thirds of a mile near Kalnzem, in this region.

In Bukowina, southwest of Kimpolung, the Russians in an attack penetrated the Teutonic allied positions and took a number of prisoners. A Russian offensive along the Danube, in Rumania, was put down by the Germans.

Storm Warning Issued.

A message from the Weather Bureau at Washington to the local observer last night read: "Hoist northwest storm warning 10 p. m. Atlantic City to Jacksonville, Fla. Storm over upper Ohio valley moving east. Strong southerly winds will shift to northwest gales during Thursday."

Indian Girls vs Asheville Highs

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 31.—One of the most interesting games of the season is promised next Saturday night when the girls from the Cherokee Indian school lock horns with the local high school girls' quintet on the floor of the Y. M. C. A. court for the basketball honors of the western section of the State.

Coffee **does** disagree with many. And in these days of accurate scientific knowledge there's no virtue in appearing astonished when this truth is faced.

Caffeine (the drug in coffee, and in tea also) leaves the system in an overworked and debilitated state, and is responsible for various serious ills and discomforts.

Thousands who desire an appetizing hot table beverage with none of coffee's drawbacks, find a most delightful cup—one containing no deleterious substance whatever—in

POSTUM

—the pure cereal food-drink.

Nourishing, economical and wonderfully delicious.

"There's a Reason"

BIJOU

Hearst-Pathe News

Launching of the Giant Dreadnaught "Mississippi"; Funeral of Chinese President—Big War Scenes, and many other big events

Harry Carey

In a Thrilling Two-Reel Drama

"The Bad Man of Cheyenne"

"Mid-Night"

A Stirring Rex Dramatic Feature

COMING MONDAY—Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in "The Purple Mask"

GRAND

Paramount Presents

THE FASCINATING AND BEAUTIFUL LITTLE STAR

VIVIAN MARTIN

In Her Most Delightful Screen Impersonation

"The Right Direction"

An Original and Sympathetic Photoplay That Leads Through a Zigzag route of Adventure and Romance to Paths of True Happiness.

THE SECOND MARGUERITE CLARK OF THE SCREEN

VICTORIA

MON, TUES. FEBRUARY 5-6

THE WORLD'S SUPREME CINEMA ARTIST.

HENRY B. WALTHALL

In the Greatest Screen Drama He Ever Starred in

"The Truant Soul"

In Eight Reels of Power from Victor Rousseau's Powerful Drama

'MY MASTERPIECE"—Walthall's Words.

ROYAL

THE PALM BEACH BEAUTIES

In a Nifty Musical Comedy Show with Lots of Singing and Comedy

NEW BILL TOMORROW

MONDAY AND TUESDAY—Coming, "The Crimson Stain Mystery" Starring Maurice Costello and Ethel Grandin—A Big Serial Extra Attraction Every Week.

DR. L. J. MEREDITH

DENTIST.

304-305 Southern Building. Phone 184.

Practised Four Years in Whiteville, North Carolina.

THE MORNING STAR
FOUNDED A. D. 1867
Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

WILMINGTON

Wilmington is the financial center and clearing house for the Carolinas. In the past eight years the capital and surplus of the Wilmington banks have increased practically one million dollars and for the same period the deposits have increased four and one-half million dollars.

Wilmington is North Carolina's only deep water seaport. The total commerce on the Cape Fear river averaged annually $55,685,000 for five calendar years ending 1913. The Cape Fear river has a depth of 26 feet at mean low water. Eleven large water-front terminals are available for storage purposes.

Wilmington reaches out to the trade centers of the continent with five separate railway lines. Less than 24 hours by rail to New York. Regular steamboat service to New York by Clyde Steamship Co. Thirty passenger trains enter and leave Wilmington daily.

Wilmington handles one-fifth of the cotton crop of the two States. Toal interior business financed in Wilmington, $50,000,000. Covers North and South Carolina with an annual jobbing business of $45,000,000.

Wrightsville and Carolina Beaches, located near Wilmington, are widely known and popular resorts. Over 100,000 visitors spend their annual vacations at these well known and easily accessible summer resorts.

The Wilmington district, embracing New Hanover and the five surrounding counties, is rich in agricultural advantages. The government recommends the fine soil types in this section. It is the favored district for intensive agriculture.

Wilmington leads the way in improved health conditions and is the recognized model for other cities. Dr. C. W. Stiles, of the United States Public Health Service, says New Hanover leads all counties in the South in improved sanitation.

The census population of Wilmington is 29,892. Is the largest distributing point south of Baltimore for the products of the Standard Oil Co. There are millions of feet of pine, gum and hardwoods available for manufacturing, and many successful wood-working plants.

Wilmington has good streets, good roads and good schools. It is an ideal place of residence.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

Heaven forbid that I should work and talk and vote and go about among my fellowmen, day by day, and leave the whole community in doubt as to whether I am a Christian or only a nominal church member. —PELL.

Well, of course, a girl likes taffy, but she much prefers taffeta.

Clear skies, warm sunshine and bait digging weather yesterday inspired piscatorial ideas on all sides.

There will be something doing in this country about April—May—the destiny months for Uncle Sam.

If the sword is the arbiter—then let it be the sword "Lay on McDuff" till somebody calls for the calf rope.

An optimist is a fellow who says he feels fine when he is being ground to a finish between the upper and the nether millstones.

Americans have just enough education to make them kick like a farm mule hitched out in the woods at a Rock Springs camp meeting.

Lots of men in Cincinnati pleaded guilty of selling their votes for a dollar a piece. In spite of the cheap skates, we just licked the stuffing out of that bunch of pikers.

Turkey says she does not want any territory, but Turkey's real trouble is that there are others who want all the territory they can get—especially Turkey's.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "A woman who had never seen a railroad train died in Georgia a few days ago". That seems to indicate that she just persisted in living in Georgia to the very last.

According to statistics 23,500,000 American youth are attending school. When they get through, many of the prevalent ideas of today will become as extinct as the dodo and as fossilized as a diplodocus.

A man who makes hearsay statements is rarely ever corroborated. He does not make a credible witness in court, but the public is liable to believe everything he says, because Barnum he said—but you remember what he said.

President Wilson does not want any nation large or small to be a pent up Utica. We are with him but we are in a very small minority. Nevertheless, notwithstanding, if you want to know the cause for wars read history and look at the map.

When authority or power is committed to the hands of one man, the wisdom of it depends upon whether he be sage, fool or knave. Sometimes when we depend upon one man power to run our government it is about equivalent to operating a 40-horse plant by a one-horse power engine. "In the multitude of counsel there is safety" unless the fools get the crowd on their side.

When we don't know any better we think the old way of doing things is the best way. While we are slaves to tradition, we don't know any better than to believe we are free and independent citizens. We are wedded to the past and neither the present nor the future can alienate our affections from our old moss-back mate. That's what's the matter with Hannah, but she doesn't know it.

STARCH MAKING POSSIBILITIES

There is no end of manufacturing opportunities in the South if we will only take time to make note of the extraordinary local demand for commodities that we do not produce but which we can easily produce. Starch is one of those every-day industrial and domestic demands that we have right here in our midst. That demand is immense and the South certainly should be enterprising enough to supply its own demand.

After all, it is not curious but simply natural that the cotton manufacturing industry in the South has grown to such proportions as to create the necessity for collateral industries, such as the manufacture of starch, for instance. Southern cotton mills are using millions of dollars worth of starch, and just at the present time a movement is on foot all over South Carolina for the establishment of starch factories, in view of the immense cotton mill and domestic demand in that state.

Mr. B. Remmers, a consulting engineer of Philadelphia, is in South Carolina at this time agitating the starch manufacturing possibilities. Mr. Remmers is pointing out the fact that the sweet potato can be depended upon for a great starch industry. He has delivered addresses in several cities and has stirred up considerable interest in a new manufacturing possibility that should appeal to enterprising Southerners. The Philadelphian spoke to a large business men's meeting at Columbia on Monday and outlined the process for starch making with sweet potatoes as the raw material. Mr. W. W. Long, farm demonstration agent for South Carolina, and director of Clemson College extension work, accompanied Mr. Remmers on his visit to the cities which he hopes to interest.

According to the Columbia State, Mr. Remmers discussed the starch project from a scientific standpoint. He assured Columbia's business men that the proposition can be developed along sound business lines and that the industry was assuredly profitable. The meeting appointed a committee to investigate the matter so it can be later taken up by the chamber of commerce.

It is interesting to note that Mr. Remmers went into the practical details of starch making from potatoes. He has made an exhaustive study of the matter and went into the cost of a factory plant, the cost of production and the matters of demand and distribution. He said that an excellent market for the starch can be found among the cotton mills of the South. "Prior to the war," said Mr. Remmers, "a great deal of the starch used in this country was manufactured in Germany. It is almost assured that after the war there will be no such importation, for the reason that Germany is now turning her attention to the production of rye, making white potatoes a secondary crop for consumption within the empire." Sweet potatoes average about 20 per cent, starch to the bushel. A plant to handle 4,500 bushels of sweet potatoes in 24 hours would cost $18,000 to $20,000, Mr. Remmers said.

It was also brought out that a ready market can be found for the by-product. The pulp can be used for stock feed, according to a letter read at the conference from T. E. Keitt, chemist at Clemson college.

A. P. Burgess of Fort Motte, a well known farmer, who has been interested for many years in the manufacture of starch from sweet potatoes, said that the erection of factories would provide a ready market for the potato crop at good prices.

The farmers of the State must turn their attention from cotton with the coming of the boll weevil and the several agencies in the State are trying to find a market for substitute crops. Millions of bushels of sweet potatoes could be produced in the State and starch factories would insure profitable prices, it was developed at the conference.

The Columbia committee will hold a meeting at an early date when the plans for a starch factory will be considered.

TOURISTS SEEING AMERICA

The tourist travel in all portions of America this winter has been the greatest in the history of the country. Wealthy people who have been shut out of Europe by the war are taking advantage of the opportunity to see the sights and wonders of their own country. Florida is overrun with them and they are scattered all over California and the Rocky Mountain region. How about the Appalachian region of North Carolina, where the mountain scenery and climate is unsurpassed all the year round?

Doubtless there are not many tourists who know that the Appalachian range in North Carolina embraces 19 peaks that that are more than 6,000 feet high. The charming mountain and coast regions of North Carolina ought to attract thousands of tourists and no doubt some day North Carolina's superb advantages will be so capitalized as to attract the wealthy pleasure seekers and sight seeing people of the North. Of course, the scenery and delights are here, but tourist hotels are absent.

Niagara Falls has been an interesting object for winter tourists here of late. The sight seeing travel there this winter has broken all records. The Niagara river and the falls are gorgeous ice spectacles at this time when tourists are wonder stricken at the view of the ice bridges and snow wonders at the falls.

The people at Niagara Falls anticipated this great increase of sight seeing tourists and prepared for it. The new illumination scheme for the falls has given publicity to this great work of nature and the increased splendors of the illuminated spectacle have attracted a constant stream of tourists. Owing to the ice bridge tragedy a few winters ago, when three venturesome people were swept to destruction by recklessly going out on the ice bridges, all visitors now are prevented from venturing out on the ice fields above the falls. At this time, the scene at Niagara is said to be one of the most fascinating description imaginable.

THE SOUTHERN'S TOPOGRAPHIC MAP.

One of the newest strokes of enterprise of the Southern Railway is the issuance of a new beautifully colored and attractive topographical map of the South Atlantic territory of that system. The map makes both an interesting, ornamental and useful office adjunct. The passenger department of the Southern is preparing to make general distribution of this map to those who are interested in the South.

The map embraces the area from Washington to Atlanta, and the Florida state line, covering the states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Eastern Tennessee and Georgia. The map is geographically correct and is designed primarily to show the Washington-Atlanta line along the eastern slope of the Blue Ridge Mountains, which is being developed into a great double-track highway between the South and the East.

All the railway systems of the South Atlantic are double-tracking their North and South lines, a fact that is quite significant of Southern development. Southern traffic bound North, as well as Northern traffic bound to the rapidly developing South, has grown to such proportions as to demand either more railroad lines or the double-tracking and modernization of all the established trunk lines that are such tremendous factors in Southern progress and development. This portion of the South is a double-track country, hence the world may know that it is a substantial portion of America in which the possibilities are such that the railroads are spending millions with the utmost haste and confidence. Increased railway facilities greatly add to the advantages of this incomparable South Atlantic territory.

LEAVE IT ALL TO THEM

Now and then men assembled on a street corner, each and all know exactly how they would have dealt with Carranza and Villa and handled the fourteen nations that have, taken a hand in Europe's war. There also are thousands of delicate matters of administrative and domestic character, even to guarding against leaks, lies and malice, but all of them could be satisfactorily attended to off-handed so as to please 100,000,000 people, nearly all of whom belong to various parties, leagues, orders, societies, conferences, congresses, associations, etc. They never think of that.

Shoes for the President.

At his second inaugural on March 4th, President Wilson will wear a pair of made-in-Brocton shoes. This is assured from the fact that Stacy-Adams Company of this city, have received through a customer, Eugene Kepler, in Peoria, Illinois, an order for these shoes. They are to be made on a new improved English last, size 8 1-2C. The stock is black calf and the pattern a blucher. Upper and sole leathers as well as other materials will be of the finest, while the highest skilled employes of the Stacy-Adams factory will perform the work. The shoes will be completed about the middle of January. —Boot & Shoe Recorder.

THE VETERANS' PERSONAL WAR STORY

To the Editor of the Star:

The Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C. is making a very special effort this year to obtain the story of every veteran of the War Between the States. At the dinner given them on the Nineteenth, an appeal was made, asking every man present to write and send me as soon as possible the story of his adventures and sufferings during those blood-stained years of '61—'65; and there were a number of promsises made, which I am sure will be kept. Indeed, within less than four days after, a very interesting paper had been written and handed in, by Mr. W. M. Skipper, Co. G. 36th N. C. Regt., who enlisted at the age of nineteen, and saw service all through the four years.

Will you kindly, through your columns, make this appeal to the veterans who were not at the dinner. Ask them to write:

Their full name; age at enlistment; Company and Regiment; battles fought; wounds received; prison experiences; hardships endured; personal incidents; and descriptions of important people or events from their point of view. They should tell it just as if they were talking to a friend; and should not make it too short.

Veterans, who can have their papers typewritten, will please use paper 7 x9 1-4, written on one side only. Those who can not write their papers or have them written, please let me know, and I will arrange to have the work done.

Kindly ask them to devote the month of February to this duty, as I am trying to get papers in by March 1st. Send them to my address, 1918 Market street.

The Cape Fear Chapter also greatly desires to have a number of papers from the older ladies,—whether they were grown or in their teens at that time—in Wilmington during the latter part of the War and afterwards. They, alone, can paint this picture, as there were almost no men here at that time. We would be very grateful for a number of these reminiscences, and if any of these ladies are not in a position to write or have these papers written, please communicate with me in regard to it.

We wish to say to all these friends that, although they have not been able to give lavishly of their time and thought to the preservation of the history of this section as Dr. Sprunt and a very few others have done, and although they may not feel that they have marked literary ability? yet, the contribution of each one will be unique and valuable. It will be History from this point of view, and no other person can present it in just that way.

This undertaking is very important, and cannot longer be delayed. With every month that passes, the last taps sound for some brave comrade, who lived through those days that tried men's souls; and, unless he leaves his record written, a story, which might be a great inspiration, has been lost to the world.

Let us see to it that the month of February, in the year of our Lord, 1917, shall be remembered as the month in which Wilmington wrote history.

MRS. ANDREW J. HOWELL,
Historian Cape Fear Chapter, U. D. C.
Feb. 1, 1917.

THAT CUSTOMS HOUSE QUESTION.

To the Editor of The Star:

The subject of additional ground for the new customs building agitated by Mr. Solky, through your columns some days ago, and the matter further emphasized by Mr. Little in his article in The Star of the 30th, deserves more than passing interest. From the point of view of looks, more distance from the buildings in the rear of the Customs House is badly needed and unless attention and action is at once taken the beauty of the building to those approaching from Front and Princess streets will be seriously marred.

At present the government property line on Market street extends back toward Front 24 feet farther than it does on the Princess street side. What is needed is to extend this line straight through to Princess. This will give the building a much better setting and at the same time give a more accessible entrance to the warehouse. There is now only a 13-foot alley-way provided to reach the warehouse door, and it will be very difficult for loaded drays and trucks to get in and out and make the turns necessary to reach the storage rooms, with a drive-way so narrow. It will only be necessary to acquire a trip about 24 feet wide running from the Princess street side back to Gabir's alley. This ground could be purchased reasonably, as in most cases the buildings are of little value, but regardless of that feature, the ground is needed. It is the duty of the citizens of our city, from civic pride, to act and see that something is done before it is too late. Half the battle is already won in having the funds available. You members of the Chamber of Commerce and other civic organizations, take this thing up and push it, through the Collector of the Port. It can be gotten, but we must work for it, and one man, or just a few, cannot do the work of all. United effort is needed. Some man of prominence and influence, call a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce and start the ball rolling. This can be carried through now, later it will be an impossibility. Act now before it is too late.

Another thing that I wish to call attention to is the government wharf. We are now standing idly around and seeing the government repairing its wharf with pine timber which will hardly last five years. What we should do is to hold up those repairs and see that a concrete bulkhead is put in by the government, straightening out its wharf front and giving something permanent.

The North-Eastern Construction Company, with all its equipment on the ground, would do this work cheaper than it will ever be possible to have it done again and they have all the rubbish needed to fill in after the bulkhead is built.

Another thing, we should see that the present wooden structure on the government wharf is removed and the Coast Guard service given storage room in the new building. This will add to the looks of the new Customs House from the water front view. Last, but not least, we should ask the railroad company to place an electric engine on its Dummy Line, otherwise the smoke from the present coal burning switch engine will ruin the exterior of the building. Let someone take this up and secure united action. Do it now for the sake of your city.

Respectfully,
A CITIZEN.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is proposed to have a livestock show and State-wide conference in Wilmington this spring to bolster up the promotion work that Wilmington has been doing for several months. This is a matter that greatly concerns the people of Robeson and other counties in this section of the State. When Wilmington starts two packing houses to work next fall a new era of prosperity will take advantage of the market that will be afforded for livestock. Conservative business men who have investigated the matter are convinced that if the farmers of this section will begin to prepare now to take advantage of the market this will open for livestock right at their doors, several links will be forged in a strong chain to break the grip of the crop lien and place the farmers on a cash basis.—Lumberton Robesonian.

As the result of the meeting of Raleigh business men in the hall of the Raleigh chamber of commerce last night we are able to report this morning that there has been an advance made in the plans for the erection of a meat packing plant in Raleigh. The amount thus far subscribed towards the capital stock is $46,600, and this requires that there be $3,400 further subscribed in this city to bring the total to $50,000 in order to put the enterprise in a shape that will bring in the other $50,000 of the $100,000 needed in order to begin the business, the incorporation of which calls for a total capital of $200,000. The proposition for the erection of a meat packing plant in this city appeals to us as being something that will aid Raleigh to go forward in its material affairs, hence we have not hesitated to urge its value upon the people. The more we investigate the matter the better it looks, and we find that in a marked degree the business interests of Raleigh are in agreement with us.—Raleigh News and Observer.

The Observer has made mention of the fact that at Raleigh, Thursday, there will be a meeting of the North Carolina Drainage Association for the purpose of pressing upon the Legislature certain amendments to the law which are considered necessary to the continued favorable operations of drainage work. The nature of these amendments have not been indicated, futher than that they were worked out by the drainage committee of the association, and are considered vital to facilitating this work and making drainage bonds more available as financial assets. Very much good has been accomplished through drainage work in North Carolina in face of many admitted defects in the law, and with these defects removed by the proper character of amendments there is no reason why the beneficial operations of the drainage law should not be extended to all sections, the dredge boat has operated not only in the swamps of the coastal plain, but along the creeks in the piedmont section, where thousands of acres of land have been redeemed and are proving productive beyong the expectations of the owners. Still there yet remains in North Carolina an area of swamp lands estimated at 2,950,000 acres, and fully 500,000 acres of creek lands in need of drainage. So, it would appear, the good work has but as yet got a start. In one of its circular letters to the press the Drainage Association undertakes to covar the accomplishments so far of the dredge boat in North Carolina. It says there are 123 organized association drainage district, in 38 of which contracts have been completed. The letter says that about 850,000 acres of swamp lands have been reclaimed, and 100,000 acres of overflowed lands in piedmont and Western North Carolina. It is estimated that the cost of draining the swamp land varies from $4 to $6 an acre; and for the drainage of overflowed land, the cost varies from $15 to $25 or more an acre. "The reclamation of these lands," says the letter, "means that land which was formerly bringing in no revenue to its owner and was a menace from the standpoint of health, is now producing from 40 to 100 bushels of corn an acre, from one to two bales of cotton, and other crops in like proportion. This reclaimed land, in fact, is the most productive and richest in the State, and will produce in abundance any crop which can be grown in this climate. When it is realized that the taxable value of this land before being drained was from 25 cents to $1 an acre, that it costs from $19 to $31 an acre to drain and clear it, and that after this is done it can be sold at from $50 to $150 an acre, some idea can be gained of the tremendous import to the State of draining approximately 800,000 acres of swamp and overflowed land." The initial cost of drainage in the piedmont section was a troublesome question at first, and many farmers were disposed to balk at it. As a matter of fact it operated as a hardship in numerous cases, imposing a burden upon the land owners which they were ill able to bear, but two or three crops on the redeemed land is generally sufficient to square the farmer for the expense entailed. The dredge boat is justifying all the promises that were made for it and all the expectations that were aroused over its use.

Army League Elects President

Washington, Jan. 31.—The Army League of the United States held its annual meeting here today and elected Joseph Leiter, of Washington, president, to succeed General Robert Shaw Oliver.

Uric Acid Eradicated

(By Dr. N. C. COOK.)

A poison as dangerous as strychnin is manufactured within our own body, called uric acid. When it accumulates in the body and the kidneys fail to carry it off, we suffer from dull headache, sleeplessness, muscular pains, lumbago, or it may cause rheumatism or gout. The uric acid can be seen in the cloudy sediment in the water—what is called the "brick-dust," noted on the sides of the vessel containing it—after a few hours' standing. The water is scant, high-colored, strongly acid, and this should be a danger sign, and if not taken in time, by cutting out the meat, tea and alcohol, may end in rheumatism or gout.

Drink plenty of water between meals—a pint of hot water half an hour before meals—and take Anuric (double strength). This was first discovered by Dr. Pierce, of the Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y., and is harmless to the system, but sure and effective in carrying off the uric acid. It stimulates the kidneys and helps them to carry off the uric acid poison. Anuric can be obtained at almost any drug store, and helps to counteract the acidity of the system.

A blockade in the intestines piles a heavy burden upon the liver. If the intestines are choked or clogged up, the circulation of the blood becomes poisoned and the system becomes loaded with toxic waste, and we suffer from headache, yellow-coated tongue, bad taste in mouth, nausea, or gas, acid dyspepsia, languor, debility, yellow skin or eyes. At such times one should take a pleasant laxative. Such a one is made of the May-apple, leaves of aloe and root of jalap, first extracted and put into ready-to-use form by Dr. Pierce, nearly fifty years ago, and sold by all druggists as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Get the Habit of Drinking Hot Water Before Breakfast

Says we can't look or feel right with the system full of poisons.

Millions of folks bathe internally now instead of loading their system with drugs. "What's an inside bath? you say. Well, it is guaranteed to perform miracles if you could believe these hot water enthusiasts.

There are vast numbers of men and women who, immediately upon arising in the morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This is a very excellent health measure. It is intended to flush the stomach, liver, kidneys and the thirty feet of intestines of the previous day's waste, sour bile and indigestible material left over in the body which, if not eliminated, every day, become food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels, the quick result is poisons and toxins which are then absorbed into the blood, causing headache, billous attacks, foul breath, bad taste, colds, stomach trouble, kidney misery, sleeplessness, impure blood and all sorts of ailments.

People who feel good one day and badly the next, but who simply can not get feeling right are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a real crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

Just as soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and freshening, so limestone phosphate and hot water act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is vastly more important to bathe on the inside than on the outside, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.

Valier's Dainty Flour requires less lard
VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
Manufactured From SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY

He judges by *flavor.*

A man bases his opinion of baking on its *taste.* Make some biscuits of Valier's Dainty Flour and hear him say, "Finest biscuits I *ever* ate."

Valier's Dainty Flour is made of finest flavored wheat; milled by a special slow process, which saves all of the fine flavor; then sifted through silk to make its texture extra fine. It is *quality* flour and gives *quality* results in baking. Have your grocer send you Valier's Dainty *next* time you need flour.

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.

J 61

BALL BAND

RUBBER BOOTS

Best Boot Made

SHORT and LONG LEGS

Big Lot Just Received at

PETERSON & RULFS

Headquarters For Rubber Goods

"MURCHISON SERVICE"

Twenty-four hundred depositors appreciate efficient and courteous service, as well as the conditions which make such service possible.

Are YOU Progressive?

The Murchison National Bank

Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $710,000.

IT WORKS LIKE A HOE

The Fowler has no long teeth to destroy crop roots. It scalps the surface like a hoe, and makes a perfect dust mulch. With one mule you can cover eight or more acres a day.

The Fowler Cultivator establishes a new principle of cultivation—it works above crop roots and makes such a perfect mulch that those who use it don't care whether it rains or not. Talk about prize acres! You can make every acre a prize acre, just as good an acre as if you hoed it by hand and also cut your usual labor cost in half.

We guarantee that if the Fowler and the principle it teaches do not increase your crop yield your money will be refunded.

Get our book. It tells the whole story. It's free. Send a postal today.

UNCLE SAM says: "... roots are broken, the plant will produce other roots, but at the expense of the vitality and food supply. For retaining moisture a loose mulch ... inches thick should be maintained."

SPECIAL PRICES TO THE TRADE

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMP'Y
SOLE AGENTS. WILMINGTON, N. C.

FAVORS COMPULSORY MILITARY SERVICE

Maj. A. E. Waldron Gives Interesting Views on "Preparedness"

Army Officer in Charge of Wilmington District Says Country is Waking Up to Need—Local Schools Should Give Training.

That compulsory military service offers the only satisfactory solution of the problem of maintaining a sufficient standing army in this country and that it is sure to come some time, is the opinion of Maj. A. E. Waldron, of the United States Army, in charge of the Wilmington engineering district.

As a means of awakening the people to an appreciation of the importance of detailed attention to providing an adequate military establishment in this country, Major Waldron thinks that it might be a good thing to have all public schools give military training to older male students, but only because it would prepare them and public opinion for compulsory service when they reach the proper age.

If resort is had to compulsory service, Major Waldron pointed out, it would not be contemplated to require every man above 18 years of age who was of sound mind and health to serve in the army, but would require every man who is between certain ages to be subject to military duty.

As compulsory service for all males of military age would mean the enlistment of four or five million men carried in the army at the same cost as to expense of the maintenance of the regular army today it would entail upon the people of the United States an expense of some four or five hundred million dollars a year, Major Waldron is of the opinion that some means would have to be adopted to "weed out" a few.

Major Waldron stated that he did not think that the people of this country are at present prepared to take on so great a burden, and we would probably have to follow the example of military service in Germany or France.

Under the system followed in these countries, it was pointed out, all young men are required to serve one or more years with the colors, during which time they receive only nominal pay. The giving up of a year of their lives is regarded in the nature of a tax upon them so that their country may be reasonably prepared to defend itself against a foreign foe.

In Russia, the private soldiers under this system receive only a few cents a day, in France and Germany, perhaps less than 25 cents a day, during their period of compulsory service.

The tremendous cost of an adequate army under the voluntary system in this country may be readily grasped when it is recalled that a private received $15 a month and subsistence and clothes. With even double the pay received by soldiers in other countries, this country has now a regular army of only 100,000 men.

With private employers paying common labor $3 a day, how can we expect to get the necessary men to join the army? That is the very practical question which thinking men are asking, and as yet it has not been answered except with the suggestion that the pay of the enlisted men be doubled. To do this and maintain as large an army as does Germany or France, would entail an annual expense of approximately one billion dollars for the maintenance of the military arm of the government alone, not taking into consideration what would be paid for the maintenance of the navy.

Whatever the cost in dollars and cents of a system of universal military service, military experts are practically agreed in the light of what has happened in Europe, that it is the cost of not having it, that the United States cannot afford.

GRANT IS MENTIONED FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL RACE

Raleigh Hears Sixth District is to Have Battle Royal Next Time

Politics is always an interesting subject when the Sixth District is mentioned. Raleigh hears that there is to be a battle royal next time and that Representative L. Clayton Grant will be in the midst of the fray, according to an item appearing in the "Under the Dome" column in yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer.

"War in the Sixth District is always a foregone conclusion," says the Raleigh paper, "and surface rumblings are beginning to be heard that indicate a battle royal in the forthcoming congressional contest. Right now it looks as if Congressman Godwin's most formidable opposition will develop in New Hanover county with L. Clayton Grant, New Hanover's Representative in the General Assembly, occupying the center of the offensive arena. Mr. Grant, who banks on his plebean friends, said last night that he had been strongly urged to throw his hat into the ring, and while he would not make the positive statement that he was an avowed candidate, he intimated that he was giving the matter some consideration. It is full late for Sixth District bubbles to begin to come to the top and more or less startling announcements may be anticipated with a large degree of certainty.

"The statement a few days ago that Judge W. P. Stacy, of Wilmington, would enter the fight in the Sixth next time does not gain much credence among his friends. Judge Stacy was given a handsome majority in the judgeship contest last June and it is hardly thought he will wade into the congressional campaign. Said rumors also whisper that Judge Stacy's friends are grooming him for other hopes."

Teachers Will Be Guests.

All public school teachers of the city will be the guests of the Howard & Wells Amusement Company when the Lyman H. Howe films are shown at the Academy of Music on the afternoon and evening of February 14th. The picture is regarded as having a distinct educational value and for this reason, the management thought the teachers should be given the opportunity of seeing it. Complimentary tickets will be mailed to them in a few days.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 30c.

SILENT SENTINELS OF POTTER'S FIELD

Speak With Pathetic Eloquence of City's Pauper Dead.

Grand in Their Roughness and Rudeness They Speak With the Tongue of a Poet of the Unfortunate Mortals They Guard

On a little oak crowned knoll, just beyond the southeastern limits of Wilmington, lies Oak Hill cemetery, where beneath quaintly decorated mounds sleeps the city's pauper dead.

No asphalt driveway leads to the spot, and no graveled walks wind their sinuous courses among the final homes of a city's unfortunates. Instead, the cemetery is reached by an ill-kept trail like road, ankle deep in sand, and flanked on either side by stretches of scrubby oak bushes, and coarse luxuriant wire grass.

There is no grandeur, no imposing monuments, and no artistically designed fence. Simply a wire barrier, with an ordinary string of barbed wire a few inches above the top most strand, with a little red lodge in the corner of the plot.

Upon entering, the visitor's foot does not sink in a thick carpet of a shaven grass plot, but crunches beneath it the millions of acorns that have fallen from the numerous oak trees that dot the streets of this silent city of the dead.

There are no monuments, but on each rude mound there is some simple, quaint and perhaps to a cruel world burlesque, tribute, that speaks silently and eloquently of a love that still lives, in spite of the fact that the donor had gathered unto himself but little of the world's goods.

Here is a little mound of earth scarcely four feet long. A rough pine box that originally contained borax soap but now neatly whitewashed serves for a headstone, while perched on the center of the grave, rusted and worn by exposure to the elements, is a little toy horse with his arching neck and glowing main still raised proudly, although the greater part of his face has been worn away. Placed here no doubt by the toil-worn hands of a heart-broken mother, he stands as a sentinel to guard from all desecration the hallowed spot.

Further along is another grave, this time of one who reached maturity, and probably a Catholic or an Episcopalian, for at the head stands a cross or crucifix rudely fashioned from a section of iron piping, and yet rivalling in its simple grandeur the stately shafts of marble or granite more often seen.

And so it is throughout the entire lot. Rude, simple, and homely ornaments are found on practically every silent heap. Old and tattered toys, dolls, grotesque with the loss of a head or limb, a rusty tin bugle serving as a foot piece; a broken pitcher, with now and then the shattered remains of some culinary receptacle.

In one instance is a shaving mug, a hair brush and a pair of scissors. At another is a worn truss, probably emblematic of the disease whose ravages sent some mortal to this spot. A broken rapier is the grim guardian of another.

There is scarcely an article found in the ordinary household that cannot be seen here on a grave. Even knives and forks, the kind that are used for dining purposes, are not missing. Medicine bottles, too, take their part, while at one particular spot is a battered tobacco tin.

There is no grandeur. It is simply the resting place of those who have fallen in the battle of life, without fame, without money and without glory, but not without some uncouth tribute to keep green the leaves of memory. Sparrows flutter among the branches of the scrubby oaks, and as they chirp to their mates they seem to say:

"Stoop angels thither from the skies,
There is no holier spot of ground,
Than where defeated valor lies,
By mourning beauty crowned."

ENLARGEMENT OF TRAIN SERVICE

Daily Except Sunday Instead of Tri-Weekly on Two Local Lines

Official notice is given through the office of Mr. T. C. White, general passenger agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, that effective next Monday, February 5th, trains Nos. 64 and 65 between Wilmington and New Bern and trains 59 and 60, between Wilmington and Fayetterville, will be operated on a daily-except-Sunday schedule, instead of tri-weekly as now. The train for New Bern leaves at 5:45 a. m., and arrives in Wilmington at 6:15 p. m., while the Fayetteville train leaves Wilmington at 6:30 p. m., and arrives at 10:15 a. m. This is the service discontinued shortly after the outbreak of the war and its restoration will be received with much gratification by the people along the routes served as well as by the people of Wilmington who will benefit by the enlarged service on these trains.

PLANTING PALMETTOS AROUND THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE

Placing of Shrubbery on Premises Adds Greatly to Attractiveness.

The planting of 30 palmettos on the county court house premises yesterday attracted much favorable attention from those who saw them. Their planting was authorized by the county commissioners at a meeting last week. They came from the Audubon Nurseries, of this city.

The beautifying of the premises will add greatly to the attractiveness of the surroundings. Heretofore there have been no trees or shrubbery of any kind.

TRINITY ALUMNI TO MEET

Association Will Be Formed at Meeting To Be Held Tonight

Local alumni of Trinity College will meet tonight at 8 o'clock in the offices of Dr. J. B. Sidbury, No. 15 North Fifth avenue, for the purpose of forming an association for Wilmington and New Hanover county. It is hoped that every Trinity man in the city will be present. It is thought that there are not less than two score Trinity men here and it is hoped to have each one of them as a member of the association.

SENTIMENT IN FAVOR OF CALLING ELECTION

City Council Appoints Committee to Make an Investigation.

Supporters of Idea To Have City Join in Underwriting Plan Do Not Want Election at Same Time As Municipal Primary

While sentiment seemed to be practically unanimous for calling an election to decide whether or not the city should join in the underwriting plan for furnishing free manufacturing sites, there is some difference of opinion as to the time when it should be held. City Council at its regular weekly session yesterday decided to await the report of a special committee composed of Councilmen Bunting, Bradshaw and Merritt before taking any action.

Delegations representing the Chamber of Commerce and the Rotary Club appeared before Council to ask for an election. This was the only important matter taken up, the discussion lasting for two hours. There were several other citizens present, who came in their own behalf in order to inform themselves as to what is proposed to be done.

Former Councilman T. W. Wood did not oppose the calling of an election but thought the proposed undertaking was hardly feasible or practical. Messrs. W. E. Worth and A. D. Wessell also opposed the selection of a particular site for the city to join in developing.

Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., speaking for the Rotary club, presented the request for an election, declaring that it was not necessary for him to enter into a discussion of the proposed plan as the public is already fully informed about it.

It is necessary for the city to put itself on record in a tangible manner as to its attitude towards manufacturing enterprises. He thought, and the proposed development of the Noble tract provided an opportunity to do this. He didn't believe the need of securing manufacturing enterprises for the city can be too strongly emphasized.

It is important to have diversification of industries, he explained, because there will always come times when certain enterprises are not in a thriving condition and it is then necessary to rely on others. As the situation now stands, the city has practically no pay rolls to speak of. He felt sure that the proposed plan could be put before the people in a way that they will vote for it.

Replying to Councilman Merritt, who wanted to know if a more vigorous campaign would not be conducted than was the case last time, Mr. MacMillan stated that he believed there would be provided the election was not held in connection with the municipal primary when the issues are liable to become confused. While it is not proposed to force anything upon the community, Mr. MacMillan thought that fully 90 per cent, of the people favor such an undertaking.

Councilman Bunting expressed surprise that it should be proposed to have an election at a time other than for the municipal election. Mr. MacMillan declared that he believed that such should be the case. Councilman McCaig couldn't follow the reasoning on this point, he stated, and Mr. MacMillan cited some past history to show that when candidates are conducting a strenuous campaign, they are disposed to stay on the fence on side issues.

Speaking for the Chamber of Commerce delegation, Mr. E. A. Metts endorsed all that Mr. MacMillan had said. While a special election would cost money, he thought it would be worth while. Mr. D. H. Howes, Jr., explained that should the election be held at the same time as the general election, it would be necessary to vote against the old registration.

Councilman McCaig suggested that a new registration could be called for and still the election be held at the same time as the other.

Former Councilman T. W. Wood was opposed to having a special election as he thought that any man interested in the proposition would take time to vote for it. He had talked to many people about the proposed underwriting scheme and had found them opposed to it. As for himself he had never been able to see much in it. He thought it was simply a proposition to sell some land. Mr. MacMillan started to ask Mr. Wood a question but the latter declared he did not want to be interrupted but would be glad to answer questions when he had finished his speech.

He realized the need of manufacturing enterprises but thought that other things would have to be considered besides sites for them. One of these is the cost of electricity. He had found that in Western North Carolina electric power could be had very cheap. Mr. Hugh MacRae during a recent campaign for a franchise had declared that he would furnish electricity as cheap as it could be had anywhere but he had not heard of any reduction.

Mr. Wood was just launching into a condemnation of the attitude of Mr. MacRae, which he expressed as being "If you don't give me a monopoly, I am going to leave the city," when Mayor Moore reminded him that the question before the house was that of calling a special election. Mr. Wood did not continue his remarks.

The need of a new registration was emphasized by Mr. J. S. Williams, who explained that with the old registration it would be necessary to vote against dead people. Mr. MacMillan wanted to know if he meant dead people, who are buried. Mr. Williams pointed out that even counting the old registration, the proposition was only defeated the last time by 88 votes while 500 people didn't go near the polls.

As for Mr. Wood it was well known that he was constitutionally opposed to certain interests. Mr. Wood rose to deny this statement when he was reminded by Mr. Williams that he had the floor. Mr. Williams didn't think Mr. Wood was consistent in sending away his money to invest in oil lands instead of investing it here and then coming up to oppose any steps towards securing manufacturing enterprises.

Mr. Wood spoke briefly after Mr. Williams had concluded, declaring that he was a tax payer and that he was going to express his opinion. He had

(Continued on Page Seven.)

COL. OLDS HERE TO GET HISTORICAL DATA

Director of State Hall of History Collecting War Relics

Will Spend Several Days in Wilmington and Vicinity—He is Aiding Dr. Hill In Writing History of North Carolina

Col. Fred A. Olds, director of the North Carolina Hall of History, arrived in Wilmington last night, after a trip to Tarboro, Rocky Mount, Kenly and other points in that section, having made at Kenly last Sunday afternoon the first of a series of community talks, to an audience which filled the auditorium of the handsome school house.

Col. Olds secured various relics and documents for the Hall of History and the Historical Commission and will today and tomorrow confer with some well known persons here in regard to materials which it is important to have in hand not only for the Historical Commission but also for Dr. D. H. Hill, who is writing the first complete history of North Carolina's great part in the War Between the States.

Col. Olds is aiding Dr. Hill in every possible way, and in various parts of the State has been able to secure invaluable material for Dr. Hill's use. It is particularly important that all muster rolls should be secured, as gifts or loans, and that all war letters, telegrams, documents and things of this sort should be obtained, for upon this very sort of material the completeness and accuracy of the great history largely depend.

Col. Olds has had wonderful success during the past year in securing historical materials and relics and the State Hall of History at Raleigh stands far to the front as the finest anywhere south of Washington. The work of which the Historical Commission of North Carolina is doing is winning the highest praise both from United States officials and those of the greatest states and the Secretary of the Commission, Mr. Robert D. W. Connor, so well known in Wilmington, is deeply gratified by the receipt of letters conveying the heartiest compliments for the splendid success. North Carolina in this respect is also leading every state in the South.

Of course while in Wilmington, Col. Olds, who so greatly admires and loves the Wilmington schools and their pupils, will visit various schools under the escort of the superintendent, Prof. John J. Blair. He says he feels absolutely at home in Wilmington, where everyone makes a point of being more than kind to him.

WILMINGTON CHAMBER PLANS TO HAVE BIG TRADE TRIP

Booster Excursion to Interior to Pull Business to This City.

The Chamber of Commerce has for some time been investigating the results and benefits derived from trade excursions, or better acquaintance tours, says the February monthly bulletin, which goes to members today, and has secured some 150 letters from all parts of the country endorsing this proposition. Upon recommendation of the executive committe, President Jacobi recently appointed a special committee to investigate the feasibility of conducting a trade excursion out of Wilmington some time in the early spring.

This special committee, composed of Messrs. E. T. Taylor, chairman; H. Lacy Hunt, J. M. Solky, J. C. Williams and E. A. Metts, recently held a meeting and endorsed the idea as contained in the information furnished the chamber by some of the leading business concerns in the country as well as many of the large commercial organizations. Definite recommendations in regard to the proposed trip will be made at an early meeting of the executive committee.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Number of Deeds Wre Filed for Record Yesterday

The following deeds were filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds John Hare yesterday. Southeastern Realty Co., to E. S. Hart, for $100 and other considerations, lot at Summer Hill; Woodus Kellum, Commissioner, to Manhattan Company, for $400, lot at 16th and Orange streets, 165x55 in size; Herman J. Gerdes to J. Henry Gerdes for $100 and other considerations lot near Castle street, 33x165 feet in size; J. O. Brock and wife to Herman J. Gerdes, for $100 and other considerations, lot near Castle street, Southeastern Realty Company to H. L. McCabe for $100 and other considerations, lot at Summer Hill; Southeastern Realty Co. to A. E. Blake and wife for $100 and other considerations, lot at Summer Hill; W. A. Wright and wife et all to Manhattan Company, for $10 and other considerations, lot at 15th and Orange streets; H. S. Meredith and wife to Matthew Greene, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Wright and Meredith streets; H. L. Jones and wife to H. S. Meredith for $10 and other considerations, lot at Wright and 11th streets.

FUNERAL OF MR. COWAN.

Funeral Was Held Yesterday at Pike Creek Presbyterian Church.

The funeral of Mr. Robert Swain Cowan, who died early Tuesday morning at the home of his son, Mr. J. T. Cowan, No. 706 North Third street, was held yesterday at Pike Creek Presbyterian church, to which place the remains were taken on an early morning train. Services were conducted at the residence in this city Tuesday night by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, who was assisted by Rev. G. W. McClanahan.

The following acted as pall-bearers: Messrs. W. G. Craig, T. J. Greene, J. D. Orrell, George Davis, Mr. Poovey and Mr. M. B. Haskett.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting feet and takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Nothing gives such quick and permanent relief for sweating, callous, tired, aching feet as Allen's Foot-Ease, the standard remedy for 28 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25c. Always use it to Break in new shoes. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Hearty Thrift Day Welcome

Saturday, February 3rd, marks the second annual THRIFT DAY. Observe it; start a new Thrift habit; open a Bank Account if you haven't one or increase your bank balance. Make a regular deposit and a resolution to build an increasing reserve fund. A cordial welcome awaits you.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
COR. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

Be Firm In Your Resolution

To save some part of your salary weekly. Be firmer still in deciding to deposit it at Our Bank each week, where it will be absolutely safe and earning 4 per cent. interest FOR YOU.

Follow this advice; it will pay you.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company
110 PRINCESS STREET

TO HAVE SUFFRAGE MEETING

Mrs. John S. Cunningham, of Durham, Will Make Address In Court House Saturday Night

Mrs. John S. Cunningham, of Durham, president of the North Carolina Equal Suffrage Association, will make a public address in the county court house Saturday night at 8 o'clock. She will appear here under the auspices of the New Hanover Equal Suffrage Association, which was recently organized here.

The public is cordially invited to attend this meeting, which is to be held in the interest of giving woman the right to vote. The local association has enrolled quite a large number of members and the officers are enthusiastic over the interest that has been manifested.

A petition with a long list of names attached, urging the passage of an equal suffrage bill by the present Legislature, has been forwarded to Raleigh. Other petitions will be forwarded later. It is planned to conduct a strenuous campaign.

Mrs. Cunningham has been actively identified with the movement for some time. She is a splendid speaker and her address Saturday night will no doubt be heard by a large audience. All the men and women of the city who are interested in the movement are cordially invited to attend.

Harbor of Refuge Work.

Maj. A. E. Waldron, in charge of the Wilmington engineering district, returned yesterday from an inspection trip to the New Bern sub-district. Major Waldron states that the work is being pushed rapidly on the Harbor of Refuge at Cape Lookout.

The work of dumping stone which is to form the base of the great seawall was started some distance off shore, and during the past few weeks, the contractors have been using every effort to close this gap.

Ask Grandfather—He'll Tell You—

Hundreds Of Thousands Have Kept Their Health

By the timely and periodical use of a GOOD blood tonic. The best time is in Spring or at its approach. Preserved health means a vigorous and happy old age.

During 50 years S. S. S. has performed this service for millions. Cleansing the blood lightens the work on your liver and kidneys. You feel better and live longer. At your druggist's.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. Will Preserve Yours

Our Notion Sale Continues
With Great Success

At no time since we have been in Wilmington with possibly the exception of our opening sale, have we heard so many complimentary remarks. Every one says the values are simply wonderful. Have you been in yet?

Here are a few more of the many items that have not been advertised. Look for more tomorrow.

25 Ball large size Crochet Thread	10¢
3c Skein of Embroidery Thread, white and colored at 4 for	5¢
5c Silkateen, off shades, at 3 for	5¢
Small balls Sylvia Embroidery Thread at 10 for	5¢
Belding's Silk Dressmaker's Floss at	7¢
10c and 15c Fancy Pin Cushions at	5¢
Belding's 25c spool Silk Crochet Thread at	18¢
10c Patent Embroidery Hoops at	8¢
Odds and ends of Stamped Centers, and ets., values up to 35c, for	10¢
Columbia Wool Germantown Floss, per skein	10¢
Large size ball of Sylvia Embroidery Cotton, all shades, at	4¢
Columbia Linen Battenberg Thread, at 3 for	5¢
Large size roll Toilet Paper	3¢
5c Pencil Tablets	3¢
5c Pen Tablets	4¢
10c Pen Tablets	8¢
5c Plain and Fancy Handkerchiefs	3¢
Pen and Pencil Combinations	4¢
Large size Counter Books	4¢
Large size Composition Books	4¢
5c Packages Envelopes	4¢
10c Packages Envelopes	8¢
5c Bunch Linen Tape	4¢
10 yard Bunch Lingerie Braid	4¢
10c Human Hair Nets	8¢
15c and 20c Leather Purses	10¢
15c Box Ladies' Handkerchiefs	10¢
Ladies' 7c Embroidered Handkerchiefs	4¢
12½c Embroidered Handkerchiefs	8¢
14x15 Table Napkins, each	3¢
15x15 Mercerized Table Napkins, doz.	69¢
18x18 Mercerized Table Napkins, doz.	98¢
20x20 Mercerized Table Napkins, doz.	$1.25
7 Pen Points for	5¢
25c Playing Cards at	17¢
5c Pearl Buttons at	4¢
10c Pearl Buttons at	5¢
10c and 15c Fancy Dress Buttons	8¢
5c Embroidery and Insertion	3¢
5c Val Laces, 2 yards for	5¢
27-in. Swiss Embroidery at	19¢

Belk-Williams Company

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Herbert B. Thompson, who has been visiting her parents in Baltimore, has returned home.

* * *

License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. George W. Barr and Miss Olive Mellon, both of this city.

* * *

Mrs. Sarah Ferry, of Belvidere, N. J., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Frank W. Cowell, No. 411 Church street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Rich, formerly of this city but now of Montgomery, Ala., are guests at the Hotel Wilmington.

* * *

The Hospital Circle of the King's Daughters will meet this morning at 11 o'clock at No. 121 South Fifth avenue. All members are asked to attend.

* * *

Mr. Brownrigg H. Dewey and bride, who was formerly Miss Esther Hashagen, of this city, have returned from their honeymoon spent visiting Northern cities.

* * *

There will be a meeting of the Dorcas society of St. Paul's Lutheran church this afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Luther Memorial building. All members are requested to attend.

* * *

The regular monthly business meeting of North Carolina Sorosis will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the club rooms on North Third street. The executive committee will meet at 3:45 o'clock.

* * *

Mrs Edwin M. Wilson and Master Hugh MacLean Wilson, who have been visiting Mrs. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. McL. Green, No. 406 South Third street, left last night for their home at Haverford, Pa.

* * *

The Philathea class of the First Baptist church will hold its regular business and social meeting tonight at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. C. J. Kelloway, No. 405 Dock street. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

The patrons, students and teachers of the Middle Sound public school wish to express their thanks and appreciation to all those who so generously donated for the basket party on Friday night. The sum of $32 was raised which will be used for the benefit of the school.

* * *

The Civic League of Winter Park will meet Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the public school building. Mrs. A. J. Howell will address the ladies on club work after which refreshments will be served. All the ladies of the school district are urged to be present.

* * *

Fayetteville, Jan. 31.—"Salem Day" will be celebrated here Saturday, February 3, by the local aumnae of the oldest institution in the South for the higher education of women. An alumnae reunion will be held at the residence of Mrs. J. M. Lilly on Haymount, where all former students of Salem are asked to gather at 3:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

* * *

Miss Edna Ellis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Ellis, entertained a number of her friends at her home in Winter Park Tuesday night in celebration of her 16th birthday anniversary. The evening proved a very delightful affair and many friends from the city were guests. Games were played and delicious refreshments served.

* * *

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 31.—The engagement of Miss Nora Louise Beasley, the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Beasley, of this city, and Mr. Clarence Edward Hood, of Goldsboro, is announced by Mr. and Mrs. Beasley. The wedding will take place in April. Miss Beasley, a cultured and unusually pretty girl, is popular among a wide circle of friends. Mr. Hood lived in Fayetteville for a number of years as cashier of the local branch of the Southern Cotton Oil Company, and has many friends here.

* * *

HOME NIGHT OBSERVED AT THE Y. W. C. A. LAST NIGHT.

Last night was "home night" at the Young Women's Christian Association and those having rooms in the association building were most delightfully entertained with readings by Miss Letitia Melvin. Selections on the Victrola also added much to the evening's enjoyment.

The idea of having one night in the week when those living at the association can come together for a social evening was met with a cordial response. An entertainment committee is appointed each month, those appointed for February being Miss Myrtle Mault and Miss Jennie Sears.

* * *

SENIOR LEAGUE OF TRINITY CHURCH TO GIVE BENEFIT.

As a benefit in connection with its African Mission pledge, a birthday party will be given Tuesday night, February 6th, at the residence of Miss Lida Beery, No. 208 North Seventh street, under the auspices of the Senior League of the Trinity M. E. church. The following invitations setting forth the object of the meeting in rhyme have been issued:

"This Birthday Party is given to you—
'Tis something old, and yet 'tis new;
We send to you this little sack,
Please either send or bring it back,
With as many cents as you are old—
(We promise the number shall never be told.)

"The ladies will give us good things to eat,
And kind friends will furnish a musical treat;
And now we extend to you greetings most hearty,
Feeling sure you will come to your own Birthday Party."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mrs. F. A. Wood, of Sumter, S. C., is visiting at the home of her relative, Mr C. E. Wood, of this city.

—Dr. Roscoe Pryse, of North Dakota, has arrived in the city to spend a few days with his brother, Mr. J. S. Pryse, district cashier of the Southern Bell Telephone Company.

—Mr. W. H. Tourison, who represents the Barrett Manufacturing Co., is spending several days in the city on business. Mr. Tourison is well known here as he has done much work in putting down tarvia on New Hanover roads.

—Among the arrivals at the Wilmington yesterday were: B. F. Keith, Keith; Col. Fred A. Olds, L. B. Davis, Raleigh; Ben Kadis, Goldsboro; R. B. Simpson, Wilson; P. R. Capelle, Rocky Mount; A. C. McCall, Rocky Mount; G. S. Cox, Tabor.

—Among the arrivals at the Orton yesterday were: J. E. Weinbold, Charlotte; W. E. Ward, Selma; J. L. Philips, Cameron; E. S. Dwight, Boardman; G. H. Ruark, Southport; W. A. Bass, Charlotte; J. D. Harrington, Greensboro; A. L. Ward, Greensboro; John C. Lamb, Wilson; J. A. Seter, Charlotte.

—Yesterday's Greensboro News: "G. L. Donnell, formerly of this city, but who has been making his home in Wilmington for the past nine hears, holding a position with the Atlantic Coast Line, is spending a few days here on a visit to his brothers, James R. Donnell and Harry S. Donnell."

LOCAL DOTS

—Mr. Chas. E. Hooper, manager of the Hotel Wilmnigton, has returned from a business trip to Washington, D. C.

—Walter G. Sanders, Esq., left yesterday afternoon for Atlanta, Ga., where he will appear before the Georgia supreme court in connection with a case which has been set for early trial.

—In connection with the contest for three prizes which is being conducted at the establishment of Mr. I. Lowenthal, announcement was made yesterday that the prizes will be awarded on February 2nd.

CITY TREASURY ENRICHED BY OVER $24,000 YESTERDAY.

Belated Tax Payers Poured Into Office of Collector With Shekels.

Panic stricken women and children getting behind their own lines when an invading army pours into their country, had nothing at all on the stream of eleventh hour tax payers who crowded into the office of the city tax collector yesterday in order to avoid the additional costs that will be attached to belated payments. Approximately $24,000 were added to the city's coffers yesterday.

According to Assistant Collector Blair, the office was thronged throughout the day with those who were anxious to escape the penalties, and at a late hour last night the officials were still working on their books so as to be ready to greet this morning with a clean sheet in anticipation of another strenuous day.

The limit for the payment of taxes without the additional penalties expired yesterday. All unpaid taxes will be swelled henceforth by one half of one per cent.

ARREST CAUSED CIVIL SUIT

A. F. De Vere Sues J. M. Satchwell for Damages of $500.

Suit was filed in the Recorder's court yesterday morning by Mr. A. Fred De Vere, a sign painter and decorator of this city, against Mr. J. M. Satchwell, proprietor of the Southern Sign Shop, for the recovery of $250 alleged actual, and $250 punitive damages. The complaint alleges that Satchwell did "falsely, unlawfully wilfully and, miliciously charge him with the embezzlement of $77." The plaintiff is represented by J. C. King, Esq., and Woodus Kellum, Esq.

The plaintiff states in his complaint that he feels humiliated over the occurrence every time he walks down the street, and imagines that people point the finger of scorn at him, as an embezzler. Mr. De Vere was tried on the embezzlement charge at the last term of the Superior court, and was acquitted.

"LAST CALL" SHOE SALE

Wilmington Shoe Company Announces Great Reduction in Prices

The "Last Call" shoe sale of the Wilmington Shoe Company, which began last Saturday and continues until February 10, is proving a decided success. On account of limited space, this firm desires to get rid of all old stock and for this reason is offering some splendid bargains in all lines of footwear. They are preparing for a big spring trade and are selling out winter shoes at low prices.

Elsewhere in today's paper appears a half-page advertisement, quoting prices for this sale. First come, first served is the rule here as elsewhere.

HOW A BAD COUGH

Was Quickly Stopped by Our Delicious Vinol.

Crestline, Ohio.—"I contracted a hard, chronic cough, and was weak, nervous and run down. I have a small family of three, and it was hard for me to do my work. I took different medicines without benefit. Finally I heard about Vinol, and it has restored me to health and strength, my cough is all gone and I feel fine."—Mrs. H. H. Carlisle.

Vinol is not a paliative like cough syrups, but it is a constitutional remedy for coughs, colds and bronchitis, which removes the cause and stops the cough, and the recovery of Mrs. Carlisle was due to the beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptonates and glycerophosphates which are contained in Vinol.

Robert. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington. Also at the leading drug store in all North Carolina towns.

Saxol Salve
REMOVES SKIN AFFECTIONS
One package proves it. Sold and guaranteed by above Vinol druggist.

Resinol Surely Heals Sick Skins

When you know physicians have prescribed Resinol for over 20 years in the treatment of eczema and other itching, burning unsightly skin eruptions, and have written thousands of reports saying: "It is my regular prescription for itching," "Resinol has produced brilliant results," "The result it gave was marvelous in one of the worst cases of eczema," etc., etc., doesn't it make you feel, "This is the treatment I can rely on for MY skin-trouble?"

When Resinol Ointment touches itching skins, the itching usually stops and healing begins. With the aid of Resinol Soap, it almost always clears away eczema, ringworm, pimples, or other distressing eruption quickly, leaving the skin clear and healthy. Sold by all druggists.

Use Resinol Soap regularly and you will be astonished to find how quickly it soothes and cleanses the pores, and leaves the complexion clear and fresh.

THE WORKERS HAVE BUSY DAY

Second Day of Finance Campaign of Y. W. C. A. Results in Securing Neat Sum in Scriptions.

The second day of the finance campaign of the Y. W. C. A. resulted in securing $420 in subscriptions, according to the reports turned in yesterday afternoon, making a total for two days of $1,868.80. One team failed to make a report, so that the total sum secured in cash and pledges probably amounted to more than $500.

The workers expect to make today the big day of the campaign. There were only 31 engaged in canvassing the city yesterday but it is expected that the number will be greatly increased today. Many of those called on yesterday, who did not give a subscription, are expected to turn in their cards before the campaign closes tomorrow afternoon.

The goal set is $5,000 and as this is the minimum amount needed to make a payment of $2,000 on the building, which is now due, and to meet the expenses for the present year ,the workers are determined to exhaust every effort to secure this amount. They have been given a most cordial welcome and are enthusiastic over the prospects of putting the association on a solid and substantial footing for the present year.

The workers met at the association building yesterday afternoon to make reports. They were met by Miss Leona McGeorge, city executive secretary for the South Atlantic field, whose counsel has proven so much help and service in the campaign which is now under way.

The campaign will close tomorrow. Only one campaign is conducted each year and it is important that those who expect to contribute to the support of the institution let it be known now. Subscriptions sent to the association building will be credited to the proper committee.

The team of which Mrs. Ashley Curtis is chairman made the best showing yesterday, having secured a total of 25 subscriptions amounting to $156.50. The reports of the different teams follow:

Team	Workers	Calls	Subs.	Amount
No. 1	6	49	9	$ 48.00
No. 2—No report.				
No. 3	7	53	21	88.50
No. 4	2	9	3	10.50
No. 5	6	55	25	84.50
No. 6	6	40	25	156.50
No. 8	4	13	4	32.00
Total	31	219	87	$420.00

BROKEN GOVERNOR CAUSES CURTAILMENT OF SERVICE

Street Cars Unable to Run Yesterday Because of Lack of Current

Breaking a governor on one of the four big steam turbine generators in the power house of the Tidewater Power Company yesterday morning about 9 o'clock caused a partial suspension of trolley car service with the result that many had to resort to walking to get about the city. All cars on city and suburban lines stood still for about two hours prior to 12 o'clock. A few of the larger plants in the city, operated by electricity, were requested to limit their use of "juice" until the trouble could be repaired. The break down was remedied as quickly as possible, a complete restoration of service being made at 4:45 p. m.

The accident was the most serious that had happened at the power house, it was stated last night, since July 3, 1913. The engineers were particularly handicapped because the second largest turbine was entirely dismantled, undergoing its annual inspection and repairs and being partly replated. This left only two 600-horse power turbines to carry the greater part of the load, which the power house is called on to supply.

All possible dispatch was made in making new parts to replace the broken ones and the 4,000-horse power turbine was put back in service at 4:45 p. m. when the full car service was restored and users of power were notified that they could use current up to their maximum capacity.

LOCAL B. & L. PROGRESS

Wilmington One of Great Home Owning Communities in This Country.

The February Commercial Bulletin, of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce, which goes to members of this organization today, contains some interesting building and loan figures, which show that this city is one of the great home owning communities of the United States. The aggregate paid in capital of the 15 building and loan associations of this city is $1,142,008.74 while the loans on real estate amount to $1,102,621.74. These figures were compiled from reports made by the associations at the request of the secretary of the chamber.

The February bulletin also contains an instructive table showing the time that it takes mail to reach the great trading centers of the country from Wilmington. This table also gives the leaving time for the different mail trains going to these points. The figures were furnished by Postmaster H. McL. Green.

AMBULANCE PICTURES SHOWN

Stirring Scenes in War Torn France Shown at Hemenway School Last Night—Good Attendance.

The work of the American Field Ambulance Corps of the French army was vividly depicted at the Hemenway school building last night under the auspices of the local chapter of the Colonial Dames, for the benefit of the Field Ambulance Service.

The exercises were opened with the singing of "America" by the audience, and closed with the "Star Spangled Banner." The picture was in three parts showing the ambulance service, the various activities of the French soldiers, and the aero' squadron.

In the latter reel many of the more noted aviators were shown individually. A number of Americans were shown in this group, and each was greeted with great applause. This was especially true in the case of Kiffin Rockwell, the Carolina boy who lost his life in the service last fall. Other Yankee boys shown included Chapman, Prince, McConnell and Hall.

A wonderfully and superbly realistic view of the ambulance corps was shown in the first real. This picture showed the American boys in all the hazardous work in the line of their duty as well as how they appeared during their recreation periods.

Among other things was noted the bringing of wounded prisoners from the battlefield to the base hospital through a bombarded town.

In the reel showing the main part of the French army, was brought out the wonderful spirit that enthuses the troops. On one occasion they gave a production of "Carmen" in an improvised theatre just back of the fighting lines. German shells burst in the vicinity during the closing act.

The following young ladies dressed as Red Cross nurses acted as ushers: Misses Emily Kenan, Jane Meares, Julia Faison, Kate Faison, Elise Smith, Essie Harriss, Mae Wright Taylor, Jennie Gilchrist, Carolyn Holmes, Kate Northrop, Marie Grainger, Mae Carmichael, Louise Wise, Mary Bellamy, Catherine Williams, Alice Walker and Louise Worth.

A large and appreciative audience witnessed the pictures.

WITH THE RECORDER

Hearing of Dave Frederick Charged With Murder Postponed to Feb 8.

Dave Frederick, colored, who was arrested by County Officer H. Mack Godwin early yesterday morning, on a charge of killing Ben Frazer, was arraigned in Recorder's Court yesterday morning, but his hearing was postponed until February 8.

Other cases disposed of at yesterday's session were: Fred Simons, colored, violating driving ordinance, paid costs; Bessie Tucker, colored, assault and battery, costs; Daniel Crawford, colored, riding bicycle without bell, costs; Silas McGee, colored, violating driving ordinance, costs; H. L. Darden, white, violating driving ordinance, nol prossed; Ed Zales, white violating driving ordinance, costs; Arthur Drew, colored, riding on sidewalk, nol prossed.

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Keep Horlick's Always on Hand Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

"Paynes Service Makes Payne's the Place"

Trust your Prescriptions to us—Accuracy our watchword.

A registered druggist always in charge.

The Payne Drug Company

'PHONE 520. 5th and Red Cross Sts.

The Store That Sells Wooltex

Sun Fast Drapery Fabrics

For Spring are now in. They include many attractive designs in Tapestry, Cretonne and Chintz.

Be sure you visit our Curtain Department before you do any Spring refurnishing in your home.

A. D. BROWN

Brenlin Window Shades.

Mr. Lindquist Leaves for New York.

Mr. Alfred Lindquist, engineer on the ill fated ship Portland, who has been recuperating from his adventures experienced when his ship was lost off the Bermudas last December, left last night for New York. He will sail as engineer on another ship bound for France Monday

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR A COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dryness. No struggling for breath at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.

COURT NOTICE.

All jurors and witnesses summoned to appear at Court on Monday, February 5th, 1917, are hereby notified that they need not appear until Wednesday, February 7th, 1917, at nine-thirty A. M.

By order of Judge W. M. Bond.
W. N. HARRISS,
Clerk Superior Court.

PLANTAGENET COMMANDERY NO. 1, KNIGHTS TEMPLAR.

A special Conclave of Plantagenet Commandery No. 1, K. T., will be held Thursday evening at 8 o'clock to confer the order of Red Cross. All members are requested to be present and all visiting Knights are invited to meet with us. By order of the Acting Commander.

JOHN S. McEACHERN,
Recorder.

ORIENT LODGE, NO. 395, A. F. & A. M.

The regular Communication of this Lodge will be held this Thursday evening at 8:00 o'clock for the transaction of business pertaining to the Lodge.

You are urgently requested to be on hand. All Master Masons of the city are cordially invited to join with us.

By order of the W. M.
C. C. BROWN,
Secretary.

STOP THAT COUGH

BEFORE IT STOPS YOU

SASSER'S SYRUP OF TAR

With Extract of COD LIVEL OIL AND MENTHOL WILL DO THE WORK

LARGE BOTTLE—25C.

Mission Pharmacy

5 NORTH FRONT ST.
'Phone 799.

"A Trial Is All WeAsk"

DAVID'S

January Clearance Sale of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

At this sale you have a chance to buy the finest fall and winter suits and overcoats, at reduced prices. These goods are worth much more than we ask as the prices on woolens are advancing rapidly.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $35.00	$31.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $32.50	$29.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $27.50 and $26.50	$23.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $25.00	$22.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $23.50	$21.00
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $22.50	$20.00
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $21.00	$18.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $20.00	$17.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $18.00	$15.50
SUITS AND OVERCOATS that were $16.50	$14.00

THE A. DAVID COMP'Y

New Arrivals Daily

MILLINERY, NECKWEAR AND NOVELTIES

THE LATEST STYLE IDEAS.

The French Millinery Shop

GARRELL BLDG. PRINCESS ST.

THE PRICE IS CHEAP

Fresh Country Eggs, dozen	40¢
Clear Grain Big Hominy, pound	5¢
5 Pounds Country Sausage	$1.15

HALL & ROSS, Inc.

205 MARKET ST. 'PHONES 7-8-140.

DISPUTES

The most irritating kind of a dispute is the dispute over money. It is very liable to cause hard feelings. The best way to avoid misunderstandings is to pay all your bills by bank check. Then the stub in your check book is convenient memorandum. Pay by check, and avoid having to pay bills twice.

CITIZENS BANK

COR. SECOND AND PRINCESS STREETS.

1917 World Almanacs and Encyclopedia

NOW ON SALE AT

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 PRINCESS ST. 'PHONE: 651.

To Whom It May Concern:

There is due and payable to the Young Men's Christian Association of Wilmington on pledges to the Building Fund the sum of $13,169.94 as of January 1st 1917. The money is badly needed by the Association to meet its obligations, which were contracted for in good faith based on the pledges to the Building Fund. The pledges were made and received by the Association in good faith, and those owing on such pledges are expected to keep their part of the contract. You will be advised of the amount in a few days, and settlement will be expected promptly. Payments may be made at the Home Savings Bank or at the Office of the Association.

H. LACY HUNT, President;
J. F. ROACHE, Chairman;
Finance Committee.

LAST CALL SHOE SALE

Our Last Call Shoe Sale That Commenced Last Saturday Has Been a Decided Success and We Still Have a Lot of Good Numbers that We are Offering at Prices that Will Compel Them to Move.

Our Space Is Very Limited and We Wish to Offer Only New Clean Goods Each Season and We are Putting the Prices on the Stock on Hand at a Price that You Will Not be Able to Duplicate, Because from All Indications Shoes Will be Higher Next Fall, so You Will Make a Good Investment by Purchasing Now Even if You Only Wear Them a Few Times Before Spring.

We Have no Shop-Worn Goods on Hand, Consequently Have Nothing Advertised at Ridiculously Low Prices, All Prices are Bonafide and if Found Otherwise Your Money Will be Refunded.

Ladies' Shoes

$4.50 Vici Kid Button and Lace, plain toe, rubber heel, $3.89.

$4.50 Gun Metal Band Kid Lace, Louis heel, $3.89.

$5.50 Kid Lace, high cut, Louis heel, $4.98.

$5.50 LaFrance Kid Button, Lace and Blucher, Cuban heels, A to D widths, $4.89.

$5.50 La France Patent and Gun Metal Button, cloth top, plain toe, Louis heel, A to D widths, $4.48.

$6.50 Smaltz-Goodwin Co. Patent Button and Lace, cloth top, AA to D widths, $5.49.

$7.00 Gun Metal and Russia Calf Lace Walking Shoes, A to D widths, $6.49.

$8.00 Tan Kid Lace, 9-in. top, Louis heel, A to C width, $7.19.

Woman's Satin Evening Pumps, black and white, at $2.39.

Pink and Blue, at $1.98.

$3.50 to $4.50 Woman's Gun Metal Button, Patent Button, and Tan Button, assorted sizes and widths, $2.19.

$2.50 to $3.50 Woman's Gun Metal, Kid, Patent Leather Button, low and high heels, assorted sizes, styles and widths, $1.98.

$5.00 Patent Leather, cloth top, lace, Cuban heel, A to D widths, $3.98.

$7.50 Smaltz-Goodwin Dull Kid Button, patent quarter, Louis heel, AA to D widths at $5.39.

WHY SHOES COST MORE

One does not have to search far to discover the reason for the tremendous upheaval in the leather markets. One word—War—tells the story. Leather is one of the most important munitions of war and war in any part of the world has its effect on our leather market.

The higher costs of leather and leather merchandise results from causes beyond the control of any person or sets of persons.

Increased demand, increased population, decreased supply both in home production and imports all together naturally cause leather to be higher.

$3.00 Men's Gun Metal Blucher, medium toe and heel, $2.29.

$5.00 Men's Gun Metal and Kid Blucher, medium toe and heel, $4.69.

$6.50 Men's Black Vici Kid Blucher, flexible sole, cushion insole, rubber heel $5.89.

$6.50 Men's Dark Russia Lace Bal., English last; widths A to C, $5.48.

Men's Shoes

$6.50 Russia Calf Lace Bal., English last, rubber heels, $5.89.

$6.00 Mahogany Calf, lace bal., medium toe, rubber heel, $5.39.

$6.00 Gun Metal and Russia Calf, Lace Bal., blind eyelets, English last, rubber heels, $5.39.

$6.00 Brown Kid, lace, medium toe, rubber heel, flexible sole, cushion insole, $5.49.

$4.50 Gun Metal Lace Bal. and Blucher, Goodyear welt, $3.89.

$3.50 Gun Metal Blucher and Bal., a solid shoe, $2.89.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's Dan'l Green Felt slippers at 10% off.

CHILDREN'S SHOES

85c Black Kid, Tan and Patent white top button, sizes 0 to 4, 69c.

$1.35 Black Kid, button, sizes 1 to 5, $1.39.

$1.65 Black Kid, button sizes, 4 to 8, $1.49.

$1.85 Black Kid, Patent Leather and Gun Metal Button, sizes 4 to 8, $1.69.

$2.25 Gun Metal and Patent Leather, button, sizes 8 to 11 1-2, $1.69.

$2.75 Gun Metal and Patent Leather Button, sizes 12 to 2, $2.19.

WILMINGTON SHOE COMPANY

203 S. FRONT STREET *"Wilmington's Best Shoe Store"* L. W. WESSELL, Mgr.

DUNN BANKER APPROVES MR. KITCHIN'S EFFORTS

Wants Small National Banks to Charge Exchange on Checks

Burlington Federal Building Contract Awarded—Mrs. Woodruff Gets Pension—Varner in Washington. Banquet to Page.

(Special Star Telegram).

Washington, Jan. 31.—Major Stedman was notified by the Treasury Department today that the firm of McMichel & Adams, of Burlington, has been awarded the contract for the construction of the new Federal building at that place. There were some twenty or more bids submitted from all sections of the country but the Department considered the local firm's bid the best of all submitted.

Representative Pou has secured a pension of $50 a month for Mrs. Effie Hayward Woodruff, widow of Brigadier General Caple Augustus Woodruff, of Raleigh. Brigadier General Woodruff was in charge of the Union soldiers when Raleigh was taken by the Federal troops during the War Between the States. Later, he married Miss Hayward and after his retirement made his home in Raleigh.

P. S. Cooper, president of the First National Bank of Dunn, who is here visiting his brother, Wade H. Cooper, president of the United States Savings and Union Savings banks, of Washington, said today that he heartily approved Representative Claude Kitchin's effort to have a bill passed allowing the small national banks to charge for the collection on exchange checks. Postmaster General Burleson recently issued an order, which he later rescinded, instructing the postmasters at each town where there were no national bank to collect these checks.

Representative and Mrs. E. Y. Webb were the guests of President and Mrs. Wilson at a dinner party given the justices of the Supreme Court at the White House last night.

Mrs. Robert N. Page, wife of Representative Page, and Thad Page, of Charlotte, will arrive tomorrow morning to attend the banquet of the North Carolina Society of Washington, which will be given in honor of Representative Page at the Raleigh Hotel Friday night.

H. B. Varner, of Lexington, chairman of the print paper committee of the North Carolina publishers, was in conference with the Federal Trade Commission today. P. R. A.

How to Banish Hairs

(From the Beauty News)

Ugly hair growths can be removed in the privacy of your own home if you get a small original package of medol and mix into paste enough on the skin about 3 minutes, then rehairy surface. This should be left on the skin about 1 minute, then removed and the skin washed, and every trace of hair will have vanished. No harm or inconvenience can result from this treatment but be sure you buy real medol which is inexpensive. Mail orders filled by Green's Drug Store.

SILEN TSENTINELS OF POTTER'S FIELD

(Continue From Page Five).

always been for the people and he was quite willing to leave it to them.

Mr. W. H. Sprunt thought the city ought to be thankful that it has the Rotarians. He asked that all would join in pulling together and bury old grudges. He agreed with Mr. MacMillan that we need a diversity of interests, which has been proven recently by the decline in local export business.

Mr. A. D. Wessell could not see that the proposed development would do the city any good in a substantial way. He knew of many houses that are vacant but building factories outside the city would not cause them to be filled as cottages would be built in the vicinity of the plants for the operatives. However, he was willing for a majority of the people to pass upon it.

Mr. J. H. Curtis, who stated that he was not present to represent any labor organization but that he spoke as a laboring man, declared that he was in favor of having something done and that he was in favor of the proposition and would give it his hearty support.

Mr. W. E. Worth declared that he would like to see Mr. Hugh MacRae succeed as well as anybody he knew, but he felt that he had equally as good a right to ask Council to aid in developing a tract of 500 acres of land just across Smith's creek from the proposed tract for factory sites. He understood that Mr. MacRae had paid in the neighborhood of $150 an acre for the tract. If all the tract owned by him was taken he would sell it for $100 an acre. He thought that he had written to no less than 150 men during the past 15 years with reference to manufacturing sites and in many cases had offered them absolutely free of charge. He realized that the proposed development would help him somewhat but didn't think it was hardly right in principle.

Upon motion of Councilman McCaig a committee was appointed to go into the matter. Messrs. E. A. Metts, W. H. Sprunt and L. Bluethenthal were at the meeting to represent the Chamber of Commerce while Messrs. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., Roger Moore, J. S. Williams, Milton Calder, D. H. Howes, Jr., and J. C. Williams represented the Rotary club.

"We will use the referendum, then," declared former Councilman Wood, after he had been informed that the matter of making a contract between the Tidewater Power Co. and the city to furnish lights for a period of ten years had been closed. He had asked to be allowed to speak in opposition to it.

Mr. Wood advocated a tax of five per cent on the receipts of the street railway company, declaring that he had been informed that Norfolk and Richmond have such a tax.

Councilman McCaig called attention to the fact that Wilmington bonds in some instances are now quoted on the market at 106 1-8, which he thought was a splendid showing for the city.

The contract for the planting of shrubbery at the Robert Strange playgrounds, in accordance with plans recently made, was awarded to Mr. Will Rehder, whose bid of $175.50 was the lowest received. City Engineer D. L. Struthers was authorized to proceed with having the work done.

Permission for minor repairs to the livery stable at Third and Princess streets was granted by Council. The payment of a fee of $50 to Herbert McClammy, Esq., for representing Policeman Kermon at a hearing held last summer when an inquest was held about the killing of a negro, whom the officer killed as he was trying to escape. Officer Kermon was found not to have been guilty of any wrong doing as he was trying to arrest the negro at the time.

FUNERAL OF MISS BRINKLEY WAS LARGELY ATTENDED

Services Were Held Yesterday Afternoon at Residence on Chestnut St.

Funeral services for Miss Susan Alice Brinkley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Brinkley, who died Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. M. M. Caldwell on North Third street, were held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of her parents, No. 417 Chestnut street. The services were conducted by Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor of Grace Methodist church, who was assisted by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure and Rev. J. H. McCracken.

The services both at the residence and at Oakdale cemetery, where interment was made, were largely attended. Many beautiful floral tributes, including handsome designs sent by Miss Brinkley's Sunday school class at Grace church and the Epworth League of the same church, attested in some measure to the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends in this city. An appropriate musical programme was rendered at the residence by a quartette, and several selections were sung by the church choir at the graveside.

The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. J. Utley King, Julius Byrd, George Hays, James Chasten, Archie Craft and Osborn Foard.

Among those here to attend the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Kinchin B. Council, of Wananish, uncle and aunt of the deceased; Mrs. J. D. Strauss, of Bolton, an aunt; Mrs. L. L. Dempsey, of Boardman, a cousin, and Mr. D. O. Brinkley, of Savannah, Ga., a brother.

GRAY HAIR

Quickly restored to its natural, original color in a few days with Mildredina Hair Remedy. It is not a dye. Removes dandruff and makes the hair clean, fluffy, abundant and beautiful. Sample mailed for 10 cents by THE MILDRED LOUISE CO., Boston, Mass. For sale by Elvington Pharmacy.

HOSPITAL SHIPS BEING USED AS TRANSPORTS?

German Admiralty Claims to Have "Convincing Evidence"

Allies Are Given Warning That Such Vessels Passing Within a Certain Zone Will Hereafter be Treated as War Craft.

Berlin, Jan. 31. (via Sayville)—The admiralty today made the following announcement:

"The German government has convincing evidence in hand that hostile hospital ships frequently are misused for the transportation of ammunition and troops. The government has communicated these proofs to the British and French governments by diplomatic means. At the same time it declared that hospital ships passing on the military route of the hostile army engaged in France and Belgium within the lines Flamborough Head-Terschelling on the one hand, and the Thames-Lands End on the other shall be no more treated as such. Hostile powers are free to use hospital ships for the transportation of wounded and sick army members on ways outside this district. The barring of other sea routes is reserved, in case of further misuse of hospital ships in violation of international law."

IF THREAT IS CARRIED OUT ALLIES WILL MAKE REPRISALS

London, Jan. 31.—An official statement issued here today says that if the German threat of no longer tolerating hospital ships between a line drawn from Flamborough Head, England, to Terschelling, Netherlands, and a line from Lands End, England, to Quessant, France, is carried out, reprisals will be taken immediately.

MR. HOGG DUE TOMORROW

Will This Ancient Prophet See His Shadow When He Comes Out?

Mr. U. Ground Hogg, dean of American weather prophets, is scheduled to make his appearance tomorow. According to tradition, if Mr. Hogg sees his shadow, he will retire to his retreat and remain for six weeks. There are many who still pin great faith to this method of determining the lateness of spring.

By way of reminder that spring is not here, as some had vainly thought, the government weather man has served notice that a cold wave is due to arrive here this morning.

England to Requisition Cheese.
(London Chronicle).

It is believed that the government will requisition the whole of this season's New Zealand cheese output for the army.

LAST CALL SHOE SALE
now on at Wilmington Shoe Co.
fe 1-th-fr--su-3t

COSTA RICA'S PROVISIONAL PRESIDENT SELECTS CABINET

Minister Hale Forwards Report to the State Department

Washington, Jan. 31.—Minister Hale informed the State Department today that General Tinoco, now provisional president of Costa Rica, had named his cabinet and called an election for congress on April 1, the members to take their seats May 1.

It was indicated that the United States government would not recognize the new government until after the new congress was created, but that the minister would not be withdrawn and that the American government would continue dealing with it as a defacto government.

All reports from Costa Rica said the country was quiet. The deposed president, the minister to Washington and the old cabinet are still refugees in the American legation.

IMPRESSED WITH WILMINGTON

General Superintendent of Postal Company Spends Day in The City

Wilmington has had a wonderful growth during the past seven years, according to Mr. G. W. Ribble, of Atlanta, Ga., general superintendent of the Postal Telegraph Co., who spend yesterday in the city on business. Mr. Ribble was formerly superintendent of the Wilmington district. He was recently promoted to general superintendent and came here to confer with Mr. W. H. Stansell, the popular local manager.

Mr. Ribble was especially impressed with the many substantial business structures which have been erected since he was here seven years ago. He thinks Wilmington has a bright future.

EXHIBIT NETS $200.

In Ticket-Selling Contest Isaac Bear Pupils Win First Honors

Approximately $200 was realized from the sale of tickets to the Elson Art Exhibit, which was held here last week under the auspices of the public schools of the city. The proceeds will be used for the purchase of pictures for the schools.

he pupils of the Isaac Bear Memorial school were awarded first prize, a picture, in the contest with other schools to see which school could sell the most tickets to the exhibit. The Hemenway school pupils turned in more money than the Isaac Bear, but the amount was smaller in proportion to the number of pupils enrolled, and this was the basis on which the contest was conducted.

ONE CENT LETTER POSTAGE RECOMMENDED BY BURLESON.

Washington, Jan. 31.—One cent postage for local delivery letters was recommended by Postmaster General Burleson today in a letter to Chairman Bankhead, of the Senate Postoffice committee, now considering the annual postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Burleson reiterated his opinion that in view of the advanced cost of paper it may be best to defer temporarily the increase in rates on second class matter provided for in the bill as it passed the House.

ASK CONGRESS FOR HEARING ON DAY-LIGHT SAVINGS PLAN

National Day-Light Saving Association Is Organized.

New York, Jan. 31.—Congress will be asked to grant a public hearing on the plan to turn the clock forward one hour during the summer months, under resolutions adopted by the National day light saving convention at its closing session here today.

By a unanimous vote the convention organized a new body, the National Daylight-Saving Association. The resolution alluded to President Wilson's letter read before the convention today, indorsing the objects of the movement.

The memorial to be sent to Congress urges that the measure known as the Borland bill and introduced jointly in the two houses be enacted during the present session.

Thousands of individuals and more than 100 chambers of commerce and boards of trade, together with the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor, have endorsed the plan, the resolutions point out.

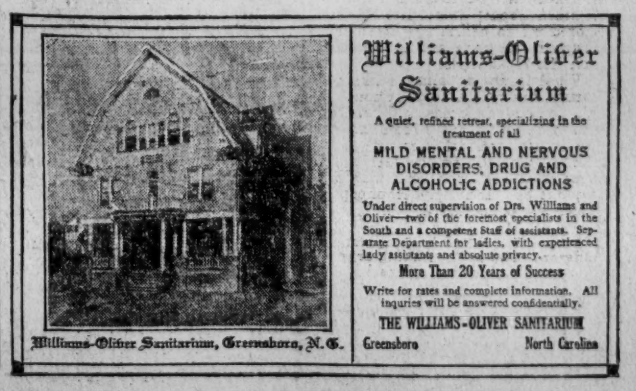
Among the aims of the new national association will be an educational day-light-saving campaign. State and city branches will be formed throughout the country.

At the final session of the convention, John Barrett, director-general of the Pan-American Union, recommended in a telegram that the co-operation of the Latin-American countries be invited and that a campaign be conducted through the newspapers of South and Central America. John K. Tener, president of the National League, urged the adoption of the movement on behalf of baseball.

FIRST N. C. INFANTRY TO LEAVE THE BORDER TODAY

San Antonio, Texas, Jan. 31.—The First North Carolina infantry at El Paso will leave for home today, department headquarters here announced today.

Bad Cough?
Feverish?
Grippy?
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
Here's Effective Relief
Your cough and cold begin to get better as soon as you start to take Dr. King's New Discovery. Ask your druggist, he's sold it for many years.


Williams-Oliver Sanitarium
A quiet, refined retreat, specializing in the treatment of all
MILD MENTAL AND NERVOUS DISORDERS, DRUG AND ALCOHOLIC ADDICTIONS
Under direct supervision of Drs. Williams and Oliver—two of the foremost specialists in the South and a competent Staff of assistants. Separate Department for ladies, with experienced lady assistants and absolute privacy.
More Than 20 Years of Success
Write for rates and complete information. All inquries will be answered confidentially.
THE WILLIAMS-OLIVER SANITARIUM
Greensboro North Carolina
Williams-Oliver Sanitarium, Greensboro, N. C.

Press Takes View That Break With Germany is Threatening

Leading and representative newspapers of the country this morning carry editorial comment on the German announcement, from which the following excerpts are taken:

New York World: There can be only one answer on the part of the United States to the new German submarine proclamation, and that answer should be made today. The German ambassador must receive his passports forthwith and diplomatic relations must cease at once. We have made every concession to Germany that self respect will permit, and all those concessions have proved to be in vain. If Germany wants war with the United States, let Germany have war with the United States. Our hands are clean.

New York American: It is a time to walk warily, to decide coolly, to be very sure of each step and every confident of each decision. And certainly we must assure the President that whatever the issue may be, the nation is loyally behind him.

Springfield Republican: This means impossible conditions for the United States and no American in his senses would consider for a moment acquiescence in Germany's action.

San Francisco Chronicle: Looked at in a practical way, Germany is simply cutting loose from all restraints. * * * It is a desperate move, but America can and should do nothing until she is specifically injured.

Denver Post: Germany is rushing to her doom. This final step of Germany, in defiance of the United States, permits President Wilson to have no other choice than the severance of diplomatic relations altogether.

New York Sun: The note closes for the present the chapter of altruistic endeavors and tentatives of parley into which President Wilson has written his idealistic hopes. It creates an entirely new situation in the extreme in its possibilities to untoward incidents which may put to the test the steadfastness of Washington in its attitude.

Baltimore Sun: The government is facing the most critical situation of the whole war. We cannot temporize.

Hartford Courant: Germany announces that she is going to increase the ferocity of her marine warfare and warns us to look out. The allies declare that they want no peace without victory. That is the return so far from President Wilson's surprising intrusion into European affairs.

Washington Post: Germany's note will fall upon the American public with stupefying effect. * * * It is impossible for this government to tolerate the new rule which Germany seeks to impose.

Birmingham Age Herald: If this note is a bluff, it is certainly a most audacious one and will not terrorize neutral nations into taking the German view of the situation in Europe.

Macon (Ga) Telegraph: Woodrow Wilson's peace moves were what they purported to be * * * the last attempt to keep America out of war. Seemingly the attempt has failed.

Memphis (Tenn) Commercial Appeal: The United States should make its position definite. That position should be a demand for restoration of the old international rules concerning navigation during war, * * * if to maintain our rights means war, so let it be.

New Orleans Times Picayune: Resumption of unrestricted naval warfare in the face of the solemn Sussex warning brings us closer than ever before to a breach with the Central powers.

Richmond Times-Dispatch: Germany has left this government no alternative to the severance of diplomatic relations. Her back to the wall, she has thrown prudence and discretion to the winds and throttled mercy with the mailed fist. There can be but one response. That this response may bring war, this nation well understands.

Petersburg Index-Appeal: Germany's notification of the resumption of pitiless submarine warfare against neutral as well as belligerent shipping, virtually is a declaration of war upon every country in the world.

Lynchburg (Va.) News: The rationale of Germany's position is brutal, insanely brutal, in its utter disregard of the rights of neutral nations and in its brazen contempt for the demands of humanity and of civilization itself.

Danville Register: The von Hindenburg notification of a new campaign of frightfulness makes it too late for "solemn warnings." The "strict accountability" warning two years ago now means severance of relations, then war.

Greensboro Daily News: Great Britain has directed against Germany a war of starvation, the intent being proclaimed in and out of parliament. Germany now claims the privilege of retaliating in kind. It is to be assumed, therefore, that the evil and inevitable day has come, and that the Washington government will presently sever diplomatic relations with the Berlin government.

PORT SEALED TIGHT BY ORDERS OF THE COLLECTOR

New York, Jan. 31.—The port of New York was sealed tight tonight by order of Collector of Customs Malone. Vessels of every description, including tugboats, were turned back at quarantine by the torpedo boat stationed there to maintain the neutrality of the United States.

The purpose of Mr. Malone's order remained a mystery upon which he declined to throw any light. He has full authority to act upon his own initiative in case of emergency, as he is held responsible for enforcing neutrality.

While there was no apparent basis for the belief that such drastic action resulted from information that one or more of the great German liners interned at Hoboken was preparing to make a dash for the open sea, it was significant that a deputy collector conferred tonight on the Hamburg-American Line dock with the chief of police of Hoboken and representatives of the steamship company.

Twenty-four steamships, some of them the largest in the world, owned by German interests, are tied up at piers on the New Jersey side of the Hudson river, while three Austrian vessels are docked at Brooklyn piers. All of them have been under constant surveillance of United States agents to prevent any violation of the neutrality.

It has been understood since the beginning of the war that prompt action would be taken if an international situation should arise under which the crews or agents of the steamers might desire to destroy their own vessels.

THREE AMERICAN SAILORS REWARDED FOR SAVING TUG

London, Jan. 31.—Three American sailors, Robert Ferguson, mate; Thomas Walsh and John Smith, firemen, were awarded L 5,000 salvage by the prize court today for saving the ocean-going tug Vigilant on her voyage from New York to England.

After the vessel had received a terrible buffeting, the captain decided to bandon the ship and, with the majority of the crew, was rescued by the steamer Ryndam. At the last moment Ferguson called for volunteers to remain with the tug, and the two firemen decided to stay with him. Finally the three brought the Vigilant into Cardiff. Ferguson was awarded half the L5,000 and the two firemen L-,250 each.

STARVATION BLOCKADE AGAINST ENGLAND WITHOUT A RIVAL

(Continued From Page One)

issues which have surrounded the submarine controversy and has brought it back to the point where it was left at the conclusion of the Sussex case.

Today's announcement reciting the refusal of Germany's enemies to discuss her peace proposals, and referring to the starvation blockade says:

"Thus a new situation has sprung up with forces Germany also to new decisions."

The new decision is exactly the one prominent when the Sussex negotiations were closed.

Germany's Previous Threat

In the note conveying her pledges to keep submarine activities within international law, Germany included a threat of resumption if the United States did not succeed in lifting British restrictions on commerce to Germany and the European neutral countries, and the United States in reply expressly warned Germany that her pledges must be absolutely unconditional.

"Neutrals," said Germany in the Sussex note, "cannot expect that Germany, forced to fight for her existence, shall for the sake of neutral interest restrict the use of an effective weapon if her enemy is permitted to continue to apply at will methods of warfare violating the rules of international law. * * * Should the steps taken by the United States not attain the object to have the laws of humanity followed by all belligerent nations, the German government would then be facing a new situation, in which it must serve to itself complete liberty of decision.

America's Specific Terms

To any such reservations the United States demurred in no uncertain terms.

"The United States feels it necessary to state," said President Wilson's reply, "that it takes it for granted that the imperial government does not intend to imply that the maintenance of its newly announced policy is in any way contingent upon the course or result of diplomatic negotiations between the government of the United States and any other belligerent government, notwithstanding the fact that certain passages in the imperial government's note might appear to be susceptible of that construction."

In completing the declaration that there must be no misunderstanding that rights of American citizens must not be made subject to the conduct of some other government, the note concluded by saying:

"Responsibility in such matters is single; not joint; absolute, not relative."

President Skeptical at First.

When Associated Press dispatches telling of the German note began arriving at the White House today, President Wilson was in his office talking with a friend. Secretary Tumulty hurried to him with the news.

The President could not believe it until assured that the information was contained in a formal note already before the State Department.

Cabinet members likewise received the news with expressions of amazement. On every hand in official circles the first opinion, formed without detailed consideration, was that diplomatic relations with Germany would be broken if the terms of the decree are carried out.

Germany Prepared For Rupture

The development today came as a staggering surprise. For weeks inspired, authoritative and almost semi-official statements have been coming from Berlin indicating an absolute decision not to resume unrestricted submarine warfare. Information received only today, however, shows that a very careful campaign for the full use of sea forces has been under way recently. Germany, according to information received here, realizes that her action may result in a break of relations, but Berlin officials are prepared for the rupture. Tonight they were represented as feeling that the only other steps open to the United States are the calling of a conference of neutral nations to end the blockade, or the taking of some step which speedily would result in peace.

Information received from the same source is that Admiral von Tirpitz, or his followers, had absolutely nothing to do with the new policy. On the contrary, it was said tonight that von Tirpitz was not as has heretofore been supposed, removed from power because he advocated ruthless submarine warfare. The fact, according to this information, was that he was deposed because he did not effectively carry out the campaign he inaugurated.

300 to 500 Submarines Ready.

From German quarters tonight came the information that Germany now has from 300 to 500 submarines ready for the campaign.

The Germany view is that the new policy will improve general prospects of an early peace. Germany is represented as still being ready to discuss peace at any time. However, it is declared that German officials both in this country and in Berlin feel that the declaration of changed policy should make it clear that Germany and her allies are in the war to the last drop of blood.

Unrestricted submarine warfare, it was declared, was determined upon as soon as the nature of the entente reply to President Wilson's note became known, and before the President's address to the Senate.

It is believed here that the policy was decided upon at a recent conference at the headquarters of the German general staff and that Field Marshal von Hindenburg played a most important part in its formulation.

It is expected that Austria-Hungary will take action similar to that of Germany with regard to operations of its submarines in the Mediterranean.

Last Act of Desperation?

Every public intimation from Germany in the last few months has been that an unrestricted submarine warfare, almost certain to bring in the United States, would be adopted only as a last act of desperation. German papers have said Germany would not dare oppose neutral opinion unless she were willing to have the rest of the neutral world added to her enemis.

Two opposing views of American hostility have been allowed to pass the German censor. The first was that the harm the United States could do Germany as an active enemy was no greater than as a neutral supplying munitions and loans to the Allies and that the crippling of Allied shipping would be the turning point of the war. This apparently is the view now adopted. The other view, known to have been held by some high officials here, was that Germany might in desperation seek to involve the United States as an actual enemy on the ground that her influence at the peace conference would be a generous one.

PRESIDENT RETIRES AFTER STUDYING THE NOTE ALONE

Washington, Jan. 31.—President Wilson went to bed at 11 o'clock tonight after spending the evening alone in his study with a copy of the German note. This apparently disposed of suggestions that some action might be taken before morning.

The President saw no callers, but is understood to have used the telephone freely. As far as could be learned no plans have been laid for him to go before Congress, as he did to announce the sending of the Sussex note threatening to break off diplomatic relations.

$500,000 Timber Deal

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 31.—A timber deal involving nearly a half million of dollars was completed yesterday when the Champion Fibre company, of Canton, concluded a deal for the purchase of $23,000 acres of splendid timber land on the Oconaluftee river, in Swain county. Of this land, 8,000 acres were obtained from the Woodbury Lumber company and 15,000 acres from the Spruce Pine Lumber company, the price being approximately $20 an acre, a large increase over the last valuation involved in a large timber deal.

J. W. Phillips Not Guilty.

Greensboro, N. C., Jan. 31.—The jury in the case against J. W. Phillips, college man from Chapel Hill, was out only a short time and returned a verdict of not guilty. He was charged with embezzlement from L. A. Millican & Co.

LOVE RENEWED BY WAR

American Woman Becomes Reconciled to British Husband.

(From the New York Herald)

Mrs. Hugh Ronald French, daughter of Robert J. Wynne, formerly Postmaster-General and American Consul General to London, returned here on board the steamship New York, of the American Line, last night, bringing a remarkable story of a love renewed by the war.

Mrs. French, who as Miss Ida Marcelle Wynne had been known as one of the most beautiful girls in London when her father was Consul General there, was married to Captain French in 1909. Four years afterward she obtained a divorce in London on the grounds of cruelty. She alleged that her husband was rarely sober except when on duty, and that when he was under the influence of liquor he acted brutally towards her. There was introduced at the trial the name of a Canadian chorus girl.

Captain French, who at the time of the trial was captain of the Seventh Dragoon Guards, made no defense and did not even appear by counsel. In April, 1916, however, when an application was entered in behalf of Mrs. French to make the temporary divorce decree permanent, Captain French opposed it, and on April 4 the court rescinded the decree and declared it of no effect.

Captain French then returned to France, where he had been fighting with distinction.

Mrs. French devoted herself to nursing wounded soldiers at a private hospital in Grosvenor Square, London. She was thus engaged two months ago, when she learned that her husband had been severely wounded and taken to the hospital on Salisbury Plains. She immediately went there and nursed him back to health, and their reconciliation apparently was complete.

When Captain French bade his wife good-by to return to his command at the front, those at the hospital who did not know of the court proceedings would never have believed that so affectionate a couple ever had been parted.

LIMITS SIZE OF MEN'S HATS

Yucatan Has Law to Prevent Excessive Headgear

(From the London Chronicle.)

The prohibition of high-legged boots would be a decidedly novel form of legislation. Mexico affords what is perhaps the nearest approach to such an enactment.

The Mexicans have a special weakness for hats in the cartwheel type, so that it is common to see men with clothes worn to rags disporting themselves in hats worth $25 or even more.

In order to curb this form of extravagance the State of Yucatan recently passed a law imposing a fine of $10 on any person found wearing a hat with a diameter of more than 39 inches.

Suffrage Resolution Fails

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 31.—The resolution for a constitutional amendment giving women the vote in South Carolina failed in the state senate tonight, the vote being 24 to 19, which was less than the required two thirds.

IMPORTING HORSES FOR TURF

More From Abroad Expected Here Than Ever Before

(Washington Post).

"More imported horses will appear on the race courses of the United States this year than ever before in the history of the American turf," remarked Henry J. Morris, a steward of the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association.

"But I do not believe the presence of the strangers is going to help racing much. The fact is that England and France, the two countries from which we are getting our imports, are sending us over not the best stock, but for the most part the weaks. England is not so unwise as to send us her best blood or her best racers. He have been gettings the culls. However, it is going to help us a lot in our breeding.

"The injection of new blood has been a crying need of the American turf for a number of years. We sent our own best animals out of the country a few years ago when adverse legislation almost wrecked the American turf, and it has been only in the last two or three years that there has been a rejuvenation of the turf here.

"Both France and England, with centuries back of them, appreciate the importance of the thoroughbred horse, and neither country is going to permit its best animals to be sacrificed, even in history.

"The governments of both nations are jealously guarding the best blood of the thoroughbred, and while we have been able to secure a great number of horses, we have received none of the best horses of the English turf, unless the now 3-year-old North Star, imported by Mr. McComber, should turn out to be a star. North Star was considered one of the best 2-year-olds of the English turf last year, and perhaps he will show himself in the season of 1917 to be a champion. It is to be hoped for the good of the American turf that he will."

LAWYER TALKS SIX WEEKS.

And Trial Judge Praises Him After Listening 45 Days.

(London Times.)

At the conclusion of the hearing in the case of the Amalgamated Properties of Rhodesia (Limited) against the Globe and Phoenix Gold Mining Company (Limited), Mr. Upjohn, K. C., concluded his speech for the defendants, having addressed the court for 45 days, the hearing having occupied 144 days in all. He said he was not sure whether he ought not to apologize for the length of time he had occupied, but he felt that he could not blame himself. He had more than 50,000 questions and anhwers to go through, 5,000 pages of printed evidence, and 256 exhibits. In reading, noting and synthesizing the case for the purpose of placing it before the court he had occupied 84 days, not to speak of the work done by the other counsel for the defendants.

Justice Eve said Mr. Upjohn's great speech was bound to provoke a great deal of criticism because of its length. But, having listened to every word of that speech, he was well qualified to offer an opinion upon it, and he wished to express his appreciation of t as an example of unwearying industry.

HIRAM AND CYNTHIA
A SCHEME THAT FAILED
By Alfred Jackson
NEW THOUGHT MAGAZINE
WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE LITERATURE
226
I'LL BUY IT! A PARROT'S JEST THE THING TER KEEP THE WIFE CHEERFUL WHILE I'M AWAY.
THERE'S NONE SO FAIR AS SA-A-LLY!
AN' HE'S GOT A NICE OLD-FASHIONED LINE O' TALK!
AIN'T HE A DEAR?
YO-HO-HO!
I SHOULD WORRY!
WHILE YER GETTIN' ACQUAINTED, I'M GOIN' OUT FER SOME TERBACKER
HIRAM HAS GOT SO MANY OUT-OF-DATE NOTIONS THAT, WITH POLLY'S HELP, I MAY BE ABLE TER DRIVE SOME NEW IDEAS INTER HIS HEAD
DEEP THOUGHT
Modern Modes
COPYRIGHT 1915 NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORPORATION
Y'KNOW IT'S KINDER WORRYIN' ME, THE WAY TH' OLD GAL'S KEEPIN' PACE WITH THE TIMES, AS YER MIGHT SAY; GITTIN' TOO ALL-FIRED CITIFIED! TH' PARROT MAY KEEP HER MIND OFF NOO-FANGLED IDEAS
CIGARS
NOW, POLLY, LISTEN!
VOTES FOR WOMEN! VOTES FOR WOMEN!

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

SHARP ADVANCE IN COTTON

Bullish Spot Advices and More Optimistic Peace Prospects Send Prices Considerably Higher

New York, Jan. 31.—Bullish spot advices and more optimistic talk of peace prospects were considered responsible for a better demand and rather a sharp advance in the cotton market here today. May contracts sold up from 17.35 to 17.69 and closed at 17.66 with the general list closing firm at a net gain of 22 to 28 points.

The market opened steady at a decline of 4 to 5 points in response to slightly disappointing cables, but soon turned steadier. Bulges appeared to meet scattering liquidation and some local pressure, but only slight reactions occurred, and the market became rather more active during the afternoon. March sold up from 17.17 to 17.49 and July from 17.33 to 17.68 in the late trading or about 21 to 29 points above last night's closing figures. Last prices were within 3 or 3 points of the best and represented an advance of about $2 per bale from the low level of Monday. It was reported during the day that a small lot of cotton had been sold out of the local stock for shipment to a southern mill and that local houses had received inquiries regarding the cost of shipping cotton from here to North and South Carolina. These rumors were accompanied by reports of an improved spot demand in the south and there was some buying here by southern spot interests.

	Open	High	Low	Clos.
March	17.22	17.49	17.17	17.48
May	17.35	17.69	17.35	17.66
July	17.34	17.67	17.33	17.64
October	16.40	16.68	16.39	16.66
December	16.50	16.76	16.49	16.76

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 17.55; sales 2,100 bales.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 17.19; receipts 2,683; exports 7,886; sales 1,693; stock 454,849.

Galveston—Middling 17.80; receipts 6,220; sales 1,583; stock 302,261.

Mobile—Middling 17.50; stock 111,785.

Savannah—Middling 18.50; receipts 1,036; exports 4,452; stock 178,396.

Charleston—Receipts 372; stock 59,192.

Wilmington—Middling 17.38; receipts 78; stock 51,986.

Norfolk—Middling 17.38; receipts 833; sales 207; stock 97,689.

Baltimore—Exports 8,332; stock 1,565.

Boston—Middling 17.35; receipts 272; stock 11,100.

Philadelphia—Middling 17.80; receipts 171; stock 3,825.

New York—Middling 17.55; receipts 40; exports 600; stock 151,122.

Minor Ports—Receipts 5,198; exports 5,391; stock 58,564.

Total today—Receipts 16,903; exports 26,668; stock 1,382,334.

Total for week—Receipts 72,516; exports 76,024.

Total for season—Receipts 5,517,094; exports 3,739,673.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling 17.75; receipts 1,717; shipments 5,626; sales 3,904; stock 186,629.

Memphis—Middling 17.75; receipts 3,565; shipments 3,594; sales 1,500; stock 340,071.

Augusta—Middling 17.63; receipts 451; shipments 736; sales 76; stock 131,670.

St. Louis—Receipts 2,162; shipments 1,972; stock 30,697.

Cincinnati—Receipts 660; shipments 731; stock 23,955.

Little Rock—Middlinfi 17.50; receipts 275; shipments 1,219; sales 1,219; stock 39,091.

Montgomery—Middling 17.50.

Atlanta (semi-weekly)—Stock 79,141.

Total today—Receipts 8,830; shipments 13,877; stock 756,113.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 31.—Demand from March shorts and the better showing in cotton brought about a fair advance in cotton seed oil early, but some reaction took place later under realizing and selling on the easier market for hog products. Final prices were unchanged to 10 points net higher, Sales 27,100 barrels.

Close easier: Spot 12.60 bid; February 12.60 to 12.90; March 12.65 to 12.67; April 12.39 to 12.45; May 12.41 to 12.42; June 12.39 to 12.42; July 12.37 to 12.38; August 12.35 to 12.38; September 12.25 to 12.30.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 31.—Mercantile paper 3¼ to 3½. Sterling 60 day bills 4.82½; commercial 60 day bills on banks 4.72½; commercial 60 day bills 4.72¼; demand 4.7580; cables 4.76 7-16. Bar silver 76¾. Mexican dollars 59¼. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds heavy. Time loans firmer; 60 days 2½ to 3; 90 days 2¾ to 3; six months 3 to 3¼. Call money steady, ruling rate 1¾.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Jan. 31.—Raw sugar steady; centrifugal 4.89; molasses 4.02; refined quiet; fine granulated 6.75.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese—Firm.

Coffee—Spot quiet; Rio 7s, 10c; Santos 4s 10⅝c.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Buying Stimulated and Prices Bulge $1.50 or More Per Bale

New Orleans, Jan. 31.—A better feeling generally in the spot department stimulated buying in the cotton market here today on a larger scale than for several sessions and prices bulged $1.50 or more a bale as the result. The market closed firm 28 to 30 points up.

Reports of an increased demand for actual cotton, higher bids and firmness of holders came in from both eastern and western portions of the belt, while the local spot market was higher by an eighth of a cent and brokers said the demand showed distinct improvement. A feature of the spot news was the report that cotton mills in the belt had been forced to buy cotton in northern markets because of the high prices demanded by southern holders. Closing bid:

March [illegible] 7.24; July 17.35; Oct. 16.3[illegible] Dec. [illegible]

Spot cotton steady, 12 points up. Sales on the spot [illegible]; to arrive 550; middling 17.15.

WHEAT PRICES TAKE SLUMP

Decline Caused Largely by Suggestions of Possible New Peace Move by the President.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Suggestions of a possible new peace move by President Wilson did a good deal today to make wheat prices decline. The market closed heavy 1⅜ to 4⅝ net lower with May at 1.71⅞ to 1.71¼ and July at 1.46⅝ to 1.46⅞. Corn finished ¾ to ⅞ down; oats off ⅞ to 1⅜, and provisions at losses ranging from 2½ to 60.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—May 1.71⅛; July 1.46⅝.

Corn—May 99⅝; July 98¾.

Oats—May 55¼; July 53⅝.

Pork—May 29.75; July 29.42.

Lard—May 16.57; July 16.70.

Ribs—May 15.57; July 15.72.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2 red 1.76½ to 1.77¾; No. 3 red 1.70 to 1.76½; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 3 hard 1.75.

Corn—No. 2 yellow 99¾ to 1.00¼; No. 4 yellow 96 to 98¾; No. 4 white 98 to 99.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Cary, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,288 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,372 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—50c.

ROSIN—$5.60, $5.35.

TAR—$2.75-12c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$4.00, $4.00, $3.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, nominal; rosin, $5.15, $4.95; tar, $2.00-8½c; crude turpentine, $3.50, $3.50, $2.50.

RECEIPTS:

Spirist Turpentine	16
Rosin	21
Tar	108
Crude Turpentine	11

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 4 casks; rosin (—) barrels; tar, 151 barrels; crude turpentine, 20 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—17⅝c; same day last year, 11½c.

Receipts—78 bales; same day last year, 86 bales.

Total receipts since August 1 to date, 76,132 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 145,589 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

January 31, 1917.

Atlantic Coast Line—78 bales cotton; 72 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

Schr. Geo. Slover—16 casks spirits turpentine; 21 barrels rosin; 36 barrels tar.

Total—78 bales cotton; 16 casks spirits turpentine; 21 barrels rosin; 108 barrels tar; 11 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Purchase price quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 31.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, new, 65c. to 70c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$2.00 per bu.

CORN—$1.15 to $1.17½ per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 10c.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 12c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20 to 22 1-2c; first class wool, 20c. to 35c.; highest grade, washed wool, 38c.

HIDES—Green, salt, 18c. to 20c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 25c.; sides and shoulders, 25c. per lb.; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c. per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 20c. to 22½c. on foot; dressed, 25c. to 27½c. lb.; chickens, grown, 45c. to 50c.; spring, 20c. to 25c. head.

EGGS—35c. to 36c.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 31.—North Carolina peanuts, new crop, farmers' stock, fancy hand-picked, $1.15; No. 1, machine, $1.12 per bushel.

Virginia peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, Jumbos, 80c.; fancy hand-picked, 75c.; No. 1, machine picked, 65c.

Spanish peanuts, farmers' stock, new crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, $1.25; Jumbos, $1.20 per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

ePtersburg, Va., Jan. 31.—Spanish—Farmers' stock, market firm, $1.40 per bu

Virginias — Farmers' stock, market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 4c. to 4½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¾c. to 4c. per lb.; Prime, 3½c. to 3¾c.; Shelling stock, 3c. to 3½c.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Jan. 31.—Beeves, irregular; steers 7.75 to 10.50; bulls 6.00 to 8.75.

Calves—Weak; veals 11.00 to 16.00; culls 8.00 to 10.50; barnyard calves 6.00 to 7.00; yearlings 5.00 to 6.00; Indiana fed 7.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Steady; sheep 6.50 to 10.00; culls 5.50 to 6.00; lambs 12.00 to 14.75; no choice stock offered.

Hogs—Steady; medium to heavy 12.00; pigs 11.00 to 11.25; rough 10.50.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 31.—Cotton goods were barely steady in unfinished lines today. Finished goods were steady. Yarns were in better inquiry. Worsted yarns were firm and quiet. Jobbers reported a good trade in white goods and wash fabrics.

ALL SHOES REDUCED
Last Call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb. 1-th, fr, su 3t, adv)

STOCKS CONTINUE QUIET

U. S. Steel's Remarkable Financial Statement Did Not Meet With Favorable Response

New York, Jan. 31.—The stock market did not make favorable response to the remarkable financial statement of the United States Steel Corporation and this encouraged the short interest to extend operations.

The moderate extra dividend declared by the steel directors was commended in conservative quarters, although it was generally felt that the enormous earnings warranted a more liberal distribution.

Consideration of testimony brought out at the "leak" investigation was in some quarters considered one of the day's deterrent factors.

Steel vacillated throughout, opening with a gain which soon was forfeited, making full recovery at midday and falling back again in the last hour, when the entire list, coppers excepted, was at lowest levels. Steel's final quotation of 112 represented a net loss of one point.

Bethlehem Steel issues were unusually active and weak, the old stock making an extreme decline of 27 points to 395, with a loss of 7 1-4 for the new shares.

Other heavy stock included General Motors, Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies and Industrial Alcohol. Rails were under moderate but persistent pressure. Metals, notably Utah Copper, which was 5 1-4 points higher at its best, were the only strong features, although closing prices were made on a moderate rally.

Lires at the new low record of 7.30 furnished the only noteworthy feature of the foreign exchange market.

Bonds were heavy on further selling of the international group. Total sales, par value, aggregated $4,240,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis Chalmers	28
American Beet Sugar	87¼
American Can	48
American Car & Foundry	67
American Cotton Oil	48½
American Locomotive	75⅛
American Smelting	106
American Sugar	110¾
American Tel. & Tel.	126¾
American Tobacco	215
American Zinc	39
Anaconda Copper	82½
Atchison	104¾
Atlantic Coast Line	116⅞
Baldwin Locomotive	54¼
Baltimore & Ohio	80⅞
Bethlehem Steel	401
Canadian Pacific	160
Central Leather	83½
Chesapeake & Ohio	62⅝
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	87
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry.	30⅞
Colorado Fuel & Iron	46½
Consolidated Gas	130⅝
Corn Products	21⅞
Crucible Steel	61½
Cuba Cane Sugar	45½
Erie	30½
General Electric	167½
Great Northern pfd	116⅝
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	35½
Goodrich	58¾
Illinois Central	105⅞
Inspiration Copper	57
Int. Mer. Marine pfd	82⅝
International Nickel	42
International Paper	46½
Kansas City Southern	24⅝
Kennecott Copper	45½
Lehigh Valley	77
Louisville & Nashville	128¾
Liggett & Myers	260
Lorillard Co.	222
Maxwell Motors	53
Mexican Petroleum	98⅞
National Lead	59½
New York Central	100
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	42⅜
Norfolk & Western	134½
Northern Pacific	107½
Pennsylvania	56¾
Ray Consolidated Copper	26⅞
Reading	98½
Republic Iron & Steel	76¼
Seaboard Air Line	16½
Seaboard Air Line pfd	37
Sloss Shef. Steel & Iron	62
Studebaker Corporation	104
Southern Pacific	96½
Southern Railway	31⅝
Southern Railway pfd	69
Tennessee Copper	15¼
Texas Company	228
Union Pacific	142
United Fruit	151
United States Rubber	59
United States Steel	112
United States Steel pfd	120⅝
Utah Copper	111¼
Virginia Caro. Chem.	42
Wabash pfd "B"	28⅝
Western Union	97
Westinghouse Electric	52½
Missouri Pacific w.o.	32

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Jan. 31.—Turpentine dull, 51c; sales none; receipts 31; shipments 110; stock 16,551.

Rosin—Firm; sales 662; receipts 284; shipments 1,411; stock 77,466. Quote: A B C D E F G H I K, 6.30; M, 6.35; N, 6.60; WG, 6.70; WW, 6.90.

SHOES AT ALL PRICES
at the last call Shoe Sale, Wilmington Shoe Co. (feb, 1-th, fr, su, 3t adv.)

KINKY HAIR

Becomes Straight, Soft, Glossy, Long
Like Picture by Using
HEROLIN
HAIR DRESSING
Not Sticky or Gummy
Just apply a little Herolin and you see the kinks in your hair straighten out. All your nappy, coarse, stubborn, kinky hair made straight, smooth, silky, glossy. Herolin Hair Dressing makes hair grow fast, long and beautiful, stopping dandruff and itching of the scalp and falling hair at once.
Send 25c (stamps or coin) for a big can of Herolin. Sold on a money-back guarantee.
HEROLIN MEDICINE CO., Atlanta, Ga.
AGENTS WANTED WRITE FOR Terms.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 1, 1917.

Meteorological data for day ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 54 degrees; at 8 P. M., 55 degrees; maximum, 74 degrees; minimum, 51 degrees; mean, 62 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 3.09 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Tuesday, 13.2 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Rain Thursday, much colder by night; Friday fair and colder, severe cold wave.

The Port Calendar, Feb. 1, 1917.

Sun rises	7:09 A. M.
Sun sets	5:42 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 33 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	5:24	5:45	12:02	12:45
Southport	3:34	3:46	9:59	10:02
Masonboro Inlet	3:23	3:35	9:39	9:42

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

January 31, 1917.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.
Abilene	clear	70	56	.0
Asheville	cldy	68	36	.0
Atlanta	cldy	68	54	.0
Augusta	cldy	74	50	.0
Baltimore	cldy	42	..	.0
Birmingham	rain	70	60	.02
Boston	snow	34	32	.0
Charleston	clear	74	56	.0
Charlotte	cldy	68	48	.0
Chicago	cldy	34	30	.0
Galveston	cldy	70	62	.0
Jaxville	clear	78	62	.0
Memphis	cldy	70	60	.08
Mobile	clear	72	58	.0
Montgomery	cldy	76	58	.0
N. Orleans	clear	78	66	.0
New York	rain	44	34	.04
Oklahoma	clear	36	36	.0
Pittsburg	clear	62	34	.0
Raleigh	cldy	68	48	.0
Savannah	clear	74	56	.0
Shreveport pt	cldy	72	66	.10
St. Louis	cldy	64	42	.0
Washington	cldy	48	30	.0

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Hogs, strong, 15 to 20c above yesterday's average; bulk 11.55 to 11.80; light 11.25 to 11.80; mixed 11.30 to 11.90; heavy 11.35 to 11.95; rough 11.35 to 11.50; pigs 9.60 to 10.75.

Cattle—Weak; native beef cattle 7.75 to 11.95; Western steers 7.75 to 10.15; stockers and feeders 6.00 to 9.10; cows and heifers 5.00 to 10.25; calves 10.75 to 14.50.

Sheep—Firm; wethers 10.25 to 13.50; ewes 7.50 to 10.65; lambs 11.75 to 14.40.

LILLY JEFFRY wrote us that she was unable to comb her nappy, kinky hair, and after using for a short while Exelento Quinine Pomade, her hair grew to twenty inches long.

EXELENTO QUININE POMADE
is a Hair Grower which feeds the scalp and roots of the hair and makes the hair grow, and you soon can see the results by using several times. It cleans dandruff and stops Falling Hair at once. It leaves harsh, stubborn, nappy hair soft and silky.
Price 25 cents by mail on receipt of stamps or coin.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.
Write For Particulars.
EXELENTO MEDICINE CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SEED POTATOES

IRISH COBBLERS
RED BLISS
SEED POTATOES.

NORTH CAROLINA,
SPANISH
SEED PEANUTS.

COTTON SEED.

PROMPT DELIVERY.

Love & Woody
— Wholesale Grocers. —
WILMINGTON, N. C.

GASPARILLA CARNIVAL, TAMPA, FLA.
Round Trip Fare from Wilmington, $22.45

For this occasion, which will be filled with fun and frolic, and lasting from February 2nd to 10th, tickets will be sold to Tampa and return as shown above, by the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.
JANUARY 31st TO FEBRUARY 5th, INCLUSIVE.
Limited returning until midnight of February 20th, but may be extended to March 3rd by depositing with City Ticket Agent at Tampa, under prescribed rules, and upon payment of $1.00.
Proportionate Fares from Intermediate Stations.
Children Half Fare.
LIBERAL STOP OVER PRIVILEGES.
For further particulars, schedules, sleeping car reservations, etc., call on
T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
TELEPHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Jan. 8, 1917. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90 3:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. Through Sleeping Car between Wilmington and Raleigh. Open to receive passengers, after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, Southbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 91 1:15 A. M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:30 A. M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A. M. Daily.
No. 64 5:45 A. M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, New Bern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P. M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48 8:00 A. M Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pullman service.**	No. 49 6:05 P. M. Daily.
No. 53 8:45 A. M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52 3:00 P. M. Daily.
No. 63 3:05 P. M. Daily.	Jacksonville, New Bern and intermediate stations.	No. 63 12:30 P. M. Daily.
No. 55 3:45 P. M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. **Sleeping cars daily between Florence and Columbia,** which may be occupied at Columbia until 7:00 A. M.	No. 54 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 59 6:30 P. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Sat. only.	Fayetteville and intermediate stations.	No. 60 10:15 A. M. Tuesday, Thursday and Sat. only.
No. 42 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York Trains, carrying dining cars; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A. M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 4, 1916.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH

EASTBOUND: Leave "Electric Centre" for Winter P'rk	Leave "Electric Centre" for Wrightsv'le	Leave "Electric Centre" for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Beach for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsv'le for Wilmington	Leave Winter P'rk for Wilmington
*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	*6:30 A.M.	.....	*6:15 A.M.	*6:26 A.M.
!6:30 A.M.	!6:30 A.M.	x!6:30 A.M.	z!7:05 A.M.	!7:15 A.M.	!7:26 A.M.
*6:50 A.M.	*6:50 A.M.	.....	.....	*7:20 A.M.	*7:31 A.M.
*8:00 A.M.	*8:00 A.M.	.....	*7:40 A.M.	*7:50 A.M.	*8:01 A.M.
*8:30 A.M.	*8:30 A.M.	*8:30 A.M.	.....	*8:30 A.M.	*8:41 A.M.
!8:30 A.M.	!8:30 A.M.	x!8:30 A.M.	z!9:05 A.M.	!9:15 A.M.	!9:26 A.M.
10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	*9:15 A.M.	*9:25 A.M.	*9:36 A.M.
11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	.....	!10:20 A.M.	!10:31 A.M.
!1:00 P.M.	!1:00 P.M.	!1:00 P.M.	10:45 A.M.	10:55 A.M.	11:06 A.M.
*1:10 P.M.	*1:10 P.M.	x*1:10 P.M.	12:15 P.M.	12:25 P.M.	12:36 P.M.
o1:55 P.M.	o1:55 P.M.	.....	!1:45 P.M.	!1:55 P.M.	!2:06 P.M.
2:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	.....	z*1:45 P.M.	*1:50 P.M.	*2:01 P.M.
3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	.....	*2:25 P.M.	*2:36 P.M.
3:30 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	o3:00 P.M.	o3:11 P.M.
o4:10 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	o3:50 P.M.
4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	4:30 P.M.	3:45 P.M.	3:55 P.M.	4:06 P.M.
o4:50 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	o4:30 P.M.
5:30 P.M.	5:30 P.M.	.....	.....	.....	o5:10 P.M.
6:10 P.M.	6:10 P.M.	.....	5:15 P.M.	5:25 P.M.	5:36 P.M.
6:40 P.M.	6:40 P.M.	x6:40 P.M.	.....	6:00 P.M.	6:11 P.M.
7:15 P.M.	7:15 P.M.	.....	.....	6:40 P.M.	6:51 P.M.
8:15 P.M.	8:15 P.M.	.....	z7:15 P.M.	7:20 P.M.	7:31 P.M.
9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	.....	7:55 P.M.	8:06 P.M.
10:15 P.M.	10:15 P.M.	.....	.....	8:46 P.M.	8:56 P.M.
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P.M.	.....	10:00 P.M.	10:10 P.M.	10:21 P.M.
.....	.....	.....	.....	10:45 P.M.	10:56 P.M.
.....	.....	.....	.....	11:45 P.M.	11:56 P.M.

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2 to 5 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

*—Daily except Sunday. !—Sundays only. x—Does not run beyond Station No. 3. z—Leaves from Station No. 3. o—Superceded by half hour schedule Sunday afternoon.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE (DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

Leave Ninth and Orange Streets, 8:30 P. M.
Freight Depot Open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICE—This Table shows the time at which trains may be expected to arrive at and depart from the several stations, but the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed.

Specials:---

1500 bags Fine Salt.
480 bags Genuine Maine Grown Seed Potatoes.
1500 bushels Burt Seed Oats.
600 bags Rice, all grades.
600 bags New Crop Coffees.
600 bags Hecker's Middlings.

Write for Quotations Before Too Late.

McNair & Pearsall
—Wholesale Grocers—
WILMINGTON, : : : N. C.

FOR SALE!

500 bushels Field Peas.
100 bbls. Large Mullets.
50 bbls. Small Mullets.
2000 bags Rice. All grades.
350 bags Green Coffee.
Complete line of Groceries. Orders solicited. Samples and prices furnished upon application.

Samuel Bear, Sr. & Sons
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS TO RALEIGH.

Through sleeping cars are now operated between Wilmington and Raleigh, daily, except Sunday, on the following schedules:

3:20 A.M. Lv.	Wilmington	Ar.	1:15 A.M.
6:15 A.M. Ar.	Goldsboro	Lv.	10:25 P.M.
6:45 A.M. Lv.	Goldsboro	Ar.	9:25 P.M.
7:40 A.M. Ar.	Selma	Lv.	8:38 P.M.
8:52 A.M. Ar.	Raleigh	Lv.	7:25 P.M.

Sleepers will be open to receive passengers after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, southbound, until 7:00 A. M.

For reservations and further information 'Phone 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South.

J. F. LEITNER,
Architect
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,
Certified Public Accountants
Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 906. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER
6 Per Cent COUPON GOLD BONDS
Interest payable semi-annually. Write for particulars.
5 Shares Greensboro Loan & Trust Co.
16 Shares Dixie Fire Insurance Co.
Prices and Information on Application.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
New York to Wilmington.
S. S. Cherokee...Friday, February 2nd
S. S. Cherokee, Wednesday, February 14
Wilmington to Georgetown
S. S. Cherokee ..Monday, February 5th
S. S. Cherokee, Saturday, February 17
Wilmington to New York
S. S. Cherokee..Monday, January 29th
S. S. Cherokee...Friday, February 9th
S. S. Cherokee carries FIRST CLASS passengers only.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO,
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective Nov. 13th, 1916.
DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:
No. 18—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.
No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M., for Passengers.
ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:
No. 14—12:30 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.
No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERS MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.
For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.
R. W. WALLACE, C. T. A. H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Excursion Fares
FROM WILMINGTON
OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

$22.45—Tampa, Fla.
Account Gasparilla Carnival. Tickets will be sold Jan. 31 to Feb. 5, limited returning until Feb. 20. Limit may be extended to March 3rd, upon payment of $1.00 and depositing with joint agent, etc.

$13.95—Atlanta, Ga.
Account Southeastern Land Show and the National Association of Builders Exchanges of the U. S. Tickets will be sold Jan. 31 and Feb. 3, 10, 11 and 14, limited returning until Feb. 20, but may be extended to March 6th by depositing and paying $1.00.

$23.45—Pensacola, Fla.
$24.55—Mobile, Ala.
$28.75—New Orleans, La.
Account Mardi Gras Celebration. Tickets will be sold Feb. 12 to 19, inclusive, limited returning until March 2nd, but may be extended until March 10th by depositing and paying $1.00.
Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the ATANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Special Round-Trip Rates from Wilmington, N. C.
WASHINGTON, D. C. $13.35
On sale March 1, 2, 3, 4, limited reing midnight March 10th; limit exed to April 10th on payment $1.00.
ATLANTA, GA ..... .$
On sale January 31, Feb. 3, 10, 11 14th, limited returning midnight, 20th.
MOBILE, ALA ..... .$
On sale Feb. 12 to 19, inclusive, li returning midnight, March 2nd, extended to March 19th, on paym $1.00.
TAMPA, FLA $23.45
On sale January 31st to Feb. 5t clusive, limited returning mid Feb. 20th; limit enxtended to Marca 3rd on payment $1.00.
PENSACOLA, FLA $23.45
On sale Feb. 12 to 19, inclusive, limited returning midnight, March 2nd; limit extended to March 19th, on payment $1.00.
NEW ORLEANS, LA $28.75
On sale Feb. 13 to 19th, inclusive; limited returning midnight, March 2nd; limit extended to March 19th, on payment $1.00
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CHARGED WITH PLOT TO MURDER LLOYD-GEORGE

Woman, Two Daughters and Son-in-Law Arraigned in Court

Alleged Conspiracy Also Said to Have Been Made Against Life of Arthur Henderson—Accused Persons Well Known.

Derby, Eng., Jan. 31.—Four persons were arraigned quietly in the police court at the Derby Guild Hall this morning charged with plotting the murder of Premier Lloyd-George and Arthur Henderson, the premier's right-hand man in the war council. The accused persons indignantly denied the charges, declaring they had been trumped up as punishment for their conscientious objections to compulsory military service.

Proceedings at the Guild Hall over which the mayor presided, were merely of a formal nature. No details of the charges or evidence were divulged, although gossip has been busy with rumors of various details since the news of the arrest was received late yesterday. The accused persons, who are well known here, are Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, her two daughters, Mrs. Ann Wheeldon and Mrs. Alfred George Mason, and the latter's husband. Two of the women are school teachers. The prisoners made no formal defense move at today's hearing, merely pleading not guilty. They did not demand release on bail, apparently realizing that the charges were too serious for consideration by the court of such a request.

Information laid by an inspector of Scotland Yard charged "that the defendants on divers days between December 25 and the date of laying this information did amongst themselves unlawfully and wickedly conspire, confederate and agree together against the Right Honorable David Lloyd-George and the Right Honorable Arthur Henderson, wilfully and with malice aforethought to kill and murder, contrary to the offenses against persons act of 1861 and against the peace of our lord, the king, his crown and dignity."

For the man in the street the case was a great sensation, particularly as the accused persons belonged to two classes against which there is much feeling—suffragettes and conscientious objectors.

Both Mr. Lloyd-George and Mr. Henderson are known as very democratic and accessible. Recently there has been some agitation for better protection of the nation's leaders.

TRAINING BETRAYED HIM

Instinctive Response to One Word Downfall of a German Spy.

(Wadsworth Camp in Collier's Weekly)

The Germans aren't getting many spies to England or France through New York. They've turned recently, as a consequence, to Spanish America. That menace, too, a distinguished officer of the intelligence corps told me, has been pretty satisfactorily met.

A few days before, he said, a clever attempt to get a man through had been defeated, partly by accident, for the fellow captured had a genius for make-up. He looked like a Latin. He talked like one. On the long journey from South America he had hoodwinked the crew and all the passengers except one woman, who had known him for years and who had penetrated his disguise. Still she was friendly and he had unlimited confidence in his masquerade.

When the boat reached England he was one of the first haled before the alien officer. He went jauntily, because he knew his passport was in perfect order. The alien officer found it so, but he glanced suspiciously at the man and told him to stand aside for a few minutes. That was really only his compliance with the recent orders to be careful with apparent Spanish-Americans. As a matter of fact he suspected nothing out of the way. But the fellow hadn't foreseen anything like that. It appeared to threaten more than was the fact. In a panic he scribbled a note, which read, "For God's sake don't speak to me, except in Spanish."

When he slipped it to her the sharp eyes of the intelligence man saw. They drew the woman outside and got the note from her. They went back and took the man into custody. He laughed at them, showing no fear, declaring his innocence with a tolerant air. They hurried him to London and before the official who told me the story.

"I spoke to him in German," the official said, "and at odd times—suddenly, I couldn't trap him. He said he was a South American merchant on a peaceful commercial enterprise. He didn't know a word of German. I began to doubt, because when I spoke the language his eyelids never moved. It seemed to me he must show some response if he understood. As a last resort I simply shouted out, 'Achtung;' (Attention!)

"His heels," he went on, "clicked together. His chin came up. His hands straightened at his sides. He tried with a convulsive effort to check that mechanical response, but it was too late. I had him and he knew it. He broke down and took his medicine. He was a German reservist. A military command was the one thing to which his whole nature had to respond."

COLDEST WAVE OF WINTER COMING EAST AND SOUTH

Will Strike All Districts East of Mississippi Today.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The most pronounced cold wave of the winter has overspread the plains states and the Northwest and is rapidly extending eastward and southward. The weather bureau said tonight that practically all districts east of the Mississippi river would experience a cold wave within the next 48 hours.

The temperatures tonight were 10 to 20 degrees or more below zero over the North and Central Plains states and freezing weather was recorded as far south as north Texas.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Jacksonville to Eastport, Me., and on the Gulf coast from Cedar Keys to Brownsville, Texas.

666
for COLDS and LaGRIPPE

ACCIDENTS AND SICKNESS FACTORS OF DEPENDENCY.

Sickness Causes Six Times as Much Poverty as Accidents.

(State Board of Health.)

A strong plea is made for health insurance on the grounds that whereas industrial accidents are a factor of dependency in one case, sickness is a factor of dependency in six cases. In other words, sickness causes six times as much poverty, want and dependency as accidents, yet most states require insurance against industrial accidents but not yet against sickness.

It is stated by the United States Public Health Service that 30,000,000 workers in the United States lose on an average of nine days every year for sickness and that this much sickness, considering medical treatment at a dollar per day, with loss of wages, amounts to nearly $630,000,000. That something must be done to meet this great wastage is now the question confronting both business men and health workers.

Health insurance is believed by the American Association for Labor Legislation and by prominent health workers to be the answer to this question. Germany and other European countries are said to have found the system effective and a solution to the problem.

The New York Herald, speaking along this line, says: "Undoubtedly some such arrangement for the protection of workmen and their families against the sufferings consequent to illness and accident must come as a development of the present social trend. Already some dozen of countries in Europe have successfully instituted and maintained such health insurance without in a single instance a confession of failure or abandonment of the effort to solve this serious problem."

GENIUS IS RUFFLED.

Paderewski Loses Temper at Polish Relief Meeting.

(From Philadelphia Public Ledger.)

Ignace Jan Paderewski's temperament got the better of him during his address in the Metropolitan Opera House, under the auspices of the Polish Central Relief Committee of Philadelphia. The noted pianist and composer stopped four times his plea for Poland to scold prominent citizens who were seated behind him on the stage.

The first victim of Paderewski's anger was Dr. J. Dordonsky, chairman of the meeting, to whom the virtuoso complained because a draft annoyed him. Others on whom he vented his displeasure were persons who were walking in the rear of the auditorium and those in the audience who were coughing. Society notables who filled the boxes listened with amazement as the artist displayed his temper. He even threatened to leave the building and was appeased only when Dr. Dordonsky, visibly agitated, asked in a tremulous voice that quiet be restored.

The trouble began when Paderewski felt the draft. "I ask you to have the kindness to shut off that draft; it annoys me greatly," he said, turning to the persons in his rear on the platform. Dr. Dordonsky complied with his request. A few more lines of fervent plea and Paderewski again halted to reproach the chairman because some persons were moving about in the rear of the theatre.

"Is this a walking party?" he asked, so all the audience heard him. "I, too, can walk; and I shall walk out if it is not stopped." A moment later he was shaking his finger at the audience because the walking was resumed. Then two persons coughed. "I never experienced anything so outrageous," said the composer.

At that juncture the chairman arose and begged for quiet and Padereswski went on with his plea.

OFFICIAL TEXT OF NOTE TO THE UNITED STATES

(Continued From Page One)

mies for the purpose of instigating continuous hostile intrigues. Such precautionary measures are all the more necessary, as Germany's enemies have repeatedly stated not only in speeches delivered by their leading men but also in the statutes of the economical conference in Paris, that it is their intention not to treat Germany as an equal, even after peace has been restored, but to continue their hostile attitude and especially to wage a systematic economical war against her.

"The attempt of the four allied powers to bring about peace has failed owing to the lust of conquest of their enemies, who desired to dictate the conditions of peace. Under the pretence of following the principles of nationality our enemies have disclosed their real aims in this war, namely, to dismember and dishonor Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria. To the wish of reconciliation they oppose the will of destruction. They desire a fight to the bitter end.

"A new situation has thus been created which forces Germany to new decisions. Since two years and a half England is using her naval power for a criminal attempt to force Germany into submission by starvation. In brutal contempt of international law the group of powers led by England does not only curtail the legitimate trade of their opponents, but they also by ruthless pressure compel neutral countries either altogether to forego every trade not agreeable to the entente powers or to limit it according to their arbitrary decrees. The American government knows the steps which have been taken to cause England and her allies to return to the rules of international law and to respect the freedom of the seas. The English government, however, insists upon continuing its war of starvation, which does not at all affect the military powers of its opponents, but compels women and children, the sick and the aged to suffer for their country, pains and privations which endanger the vitality of the nation. Thus British tyranny mercilessly increases the suffering of the world indifferent to the laws of humanity, indifferent to the protests of the neutrals whom they severely harm, indifferent even to the silent longing for peace among England's own allies. Each day of the terrible struggles causes new destruction, new sufferings. Each day shortening the war will, on both sides, preserve the life of thousands of brave soldiers and be a benefit to mankind.

"The imperial government could not justify before its own conscience, before the German people and before history the neglect of any means destined to bring about the end of the war. Like the President of the United States, the Imperial government had hoped to reach this goal by negotiations. After the attempts to come to an understanding with the entente powers have been answered by the latter with the announcement of an intensified continuation of the war, the Imperial government—in order to serve the welfare of mankind in a higher sense and not to wrong its own people—is now compelled to continue the fight for existence, again forced upon it, with the full employment of all the weapons which are at its disposal.

"Sincerely trusting that the people and government of the United States will understand the motives for this decision and its necessity, the Imperial government hopes that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and assist, on their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life.

"Enclosing two memoranda the details of the contemplated military measures at sea, I remain,

"Etc.,

(Signed) "J. BERNSTORFF."

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How often we hear it said of a man or woman that "they were rundown in health" which accounts for their present sickness. For that reason it is important that when you find you tire easily, when your nerves are troublesome or your work is irksome, you should strengthen your system immediately with the blood-enriching, tissue-building food in Scott's Emulsion which contains pure Norwegian cod liver oil and is free from alcohol.

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WANTED — GENTLEMAN DESIRES board and room in private family. Am looking for a real home for my little girl. I take all responsibility. Address "B", care Star. fe 1-1t*

YES, WE HAVE OLD INDIAN LIVER and Kidney Tonic. "It's reliable, too." Elvington, both stores. Phones 181, 182, 376. fe 1-10t

WANTED—POSITION AS SHIPPING clerk or city salesman, by young man with experience; 31 years of age; can give best of reference. Address "Salesman" care Star office. fe 1-1t*

WANTED—POSITION AS COLLECTOR and salesman, for Real Estate office; by young man, 31 years of age and married. Can give best of references. Address box 1165 City. fe 1-1t*

OYSTERS THAT TASTE LIKE OYSTERS. Fresh lot of New Rivers just in. You can't go astray if you like oysters. Fresh lot of country butter just in. Dressed chickens to your order, with giblets. Phone No. 72. Batson's Meat Market. fe 1-tf

HORSE FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS horse absolutely good; works in any harness, young, sound and good appearance. Weight about 1,250. Also new dray, dump cart and harness. 320 N. 9th street. fe 1-1t*

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, FAMILIAR with Underwood machine. Salary $40.00. Address "Jobber" care Star. fe 1-1t*

WANTED—SALES LADY; ONE TO take charge of the store at Globe Baking Co. Apply after 9 A. M., 807 North Fourth street. fe 1-3t*

"GASTINE" IS WHAT THE MOTORIST wants, eliminates carbon, gives 35 per cent more mileage, money back guarantee. Agents and dealers wanted. Write, Gastine Sales Co., 813 S. Sharf St., Baltimore, Md. ja 31-21t*

FO RRENT—ONE NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen. One block from the postoffice. 218 North Second street. Phone 1670-J. fe 1-1t*

WE WANT A MAN—ONE WHO HAS some knowledge of the furniture business, and one who knows how to use a duster or a broom, who is absolutely in accord with the best interest of his firm, and will tell nothing but the truth; a man who has intelligence, and one who is not satisfied with himself, but one who wishes to become more than a knot on a log; a man who is courteous, clean, energetic and trustworthy, who will serve his customer to best of his ability and who is not afraid of work. And in addition, does not smoke cigarettes or is a natural born conversationalist. To such a man we have a job with a stipend commensurate with qualities mentioned. Yes, we want your reference, all the reference you have got. "A Man" care Star. ja 31-2t

WANTED—PINE LOGS DELIVERED to our mill at Magnolia Landing on Cape Fear river. Logs measured and paid for as soon as delivered. Piedmont Lumber Co. ja 31-7t*

AN ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE APART-ment of two rooms and bath, for rent from February 1st, in the comfortable Carolina Apartment House, Fifth and Market streets. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance agents. ja 31-2t

THE RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN Association will open the 34th series next Saturday, February 3rd, 1917. Subscribe for stock today! J. Holmes Davis, president; Marshall Shrier, vice-president; James Owen Reilly, secretary and treasurer. ja28-7t

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OLD NEWSPAPERS—SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets; limited number for sale at 20 cents per hundred while they last, at The Star office. de 14-tf

WANTED — A FEW PROGRESSIVE agents in the two Carolinas and Virginia, to sell monuments and cemetery supplies. Address Carolina Marble and Granite Works, Wadesboro, N. C. ja30-4t*

FOR SALE — CASH OR TIME, WITH good security, a sound bay mare; perfectly gentle; work in any harness; weight, about 900 lbs. W. E. Flake & Co., Councils, N. C. ja30-6t*

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